THE 'GENTLEMEN OF JURY' AT WEST END CINEMA.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913.

WEST END CINEMA
THE COOLEST AND THE MOST COMFORTABLE THEATRE IN BOMBAY.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

VOL. V NO. 243 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1917. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA

(Companies Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

STEAMERS of the P. & O. Co., will be despatched to London at frequent intervals calling at Aden, Port Said and Marseilles.

The BRITISH INDIA Co. will despatch Mail steamers for Karachi, Persian Gulf and East and South African ports at frequent intervals.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. and O. and B. I., sailings may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN, VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

For Sailings and Freight apply to

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
BOMBAY BRANCH
Alice Buildings, Fort,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE.—OSAKA, JAPAN.

Fleet 128 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 819,057.

Steamers will be despatched at regular intervals to Japan via Singapore and Hongkong.

For freight and other particulars regarding sailing, etc., please apply to the Undersigned.

M. UCHIYAMA,
Agent.

Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE
GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY
Prof. JAMES'
Electro Tonic Pearls

These Pills positively cure sleeplessness, failing memory, brain fag, incapacity, disinclination for work, study or business, general debility and all results of over work and dissipation. In cases of premature old age, involuntary discharges and weariness after slight effort these Pearls effect a wonderful and almost a miraculous cure.

Price: Bottle of 25 Pearls, Rs. 1-4-0
Price: Bottle of 40 Pearls, Rs. 2-0-0.
V. P. Charges, annas four extra.

SOLE AGENTS:
THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO.
Market, BOMBAY.

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.
Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,250,000

Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.

Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Mombassa
Bombay	Rangoon	Nairobi
Madras	Mandlay	Nakuru
Karachi	Colombo	Kisuma
Lahore	Kandy	Jinja
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Kampala
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Entebbe
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Tanga, East Africa
Tuticorin	Zanzibar	Dar-es-Salam, East Africa.
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—
The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum secured does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

payable in the principal cities of Europe India, Africa, America and Australia ar purchased or collected.

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches, of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia, Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED,

Established 1880.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 36,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 22,100,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at.

Antung Hsein	Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Changchun	London	San Francisco
Darien (Dalne)	Lyons	Shanghai
Hankow	Fongtien (Mukden)	Sydney (Australia)
Harbin	Nagasaki	Seattle (U.S.A.)
Hongkong	Newchwang	Tiehling
Honolulu	New York	Tientsin
Kobe	Osaka	Tokyo
Los Angeles (Cal. U.S.A.)	Pekin	Tsingtau
Liaoyang	Singapore	Tsinanfu

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for One year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

EVERY description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBR, 1900.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS. BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 10,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st, and 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Transacted rules for which can be obtained on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

(Incorporated in England.)

SAVINGS DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS.

The Bank receives Savings Deposits on the following terms:—

Interest is allowed at the rate of 4 per cent. per annuam on the minimum balance, up to but not exceeding Rs. 3,000 at the credit of an account between the 6th and the last business days of each calendar month.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and may be made payable to any one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Copies of the rules are obtainable on application at the Bank.

BANKING

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA

INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund £1,200,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders. £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38 Bishopsgate, London, E.C.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:
INDIA, BURMA, STRAITS & CHINA CEYLON, MALAY STATES, JAPAN.

Bombay	Singapore	Hongkong
Calcutta	Penang	Shanghai
Madras	Malacca	Canton
Karachi	Kwala Lumpor	Foochow
Delhi	Ipoh	Hankow
Amritsar	Klang	Peking
Rangoon	Serenbam	Tientsin
Tavoy	Taiping	Yokohama
Colombo		Kobe

JAVA & SUMATRA, INDO-CHINA, PHILIPPINES SIAM. Manila, Bangkok.

Batavia	Saigon	Cebu	Puket
Sourabaya	Haiphong	Hoile	
Medan			

NEW YORK and all Banks in Australia.
BANKERS—Bank of England, London City and Midland Bank, London, County and Westminister Bank, National Provincial Bank of England, National Bank of Scotland.

The CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world, buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE, issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT and undertake general Banking business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS. Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance of not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued, does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly. Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends, when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

J. KEENAN,
Agent.

Esplanade Road.
Post Box No. 34, Bombay.
Office Hours—10-30 a.m. to 4-0 p.m.
Saturday—10-30 a.m. to 2-0 p.m.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(Incorporated in England.)

Subscribed Capital £1,125,000
Paid-up Capital £562,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders. £562,500
Reserve Fund £700,000

HEAD OFFICE:
15, Gracechurch Street, London, E.C.
LONDON, BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kwala Lumpor
Batavia	Howrah (Calcutta)	Madras
Bombay	Kandy	Mauritius
Calcutta	Karachi	Penang
Colombo	Kota Bahru (Kelantan)	Rangoon
Delhi		Shanghai
Galle		Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

Opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Fixed deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS.—The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents, and collection of interest thereon as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.

J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors. $15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund $18,500,000
Gold Reserve Fund £1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kwala Lumpor	Shanghai
Bombay	London	Do. Hongkew
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taipeh
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tsingtau
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application. Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan. Credits granted. Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON.
Agent.

40, Churchgate Street.

HOTELS

THE EVER POPULAR
EMPRESS HOTEL
NASIK ROAD,
DEOLALI.
MODERATE CHARGES.
FAMOUS FOR CUISINE
SPACIOUS GYMKHANA.

WE MANUFACTURE
FINE WHITE THYMOL B. P.
Quotation on Request.
G. S. RANADE & CO.,
Bombay No. 4.

SALE BY AUCTION.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO
Auctioneers to the Government and G. I. P Railway.
No. 53, Medows Street, Fort Bombay.
Telephone No. 1235.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

The undersigned will REMOVE their Rooms to the GROUND FLOOR No. 25, Medows Street, Fort, (just opposite the Military Square Lane) on and from MONDAY, the 12th November, 1917. The other entrance to the above premises is next to the "Advocate of India" Offices, at Dalal Street, Fort.

SALE TO-MORROW FRIDAY, THE 12th OCTOBER AT 2-30 P. M. (S. T.)
AN UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY FOR EQUIPPING OFFICES WITH UP-TO-DATE EVERLASTING STEEL FURNITURE.

Sale of very rich wood Office and Household Furniture, Office Tables with fire proof Compartments, Library Racks each accommodating 1500 to 2000 volumes up to date filing cabinets and devices, book keepers' desks, 3 large lot of office useful Stationery fireproof omnibuses, fibre baskets etc.

TOMORROW, FRIDAY, the 12th instant at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., are instructed by the mortgagees in possession viz., Messrs. Forbes Forbes Campbell and Co., Ltd., to sell by Public Auction at No. 25, Medows Street, just opposite the Military Square Lane, the very valuable best special Cold Rolled Steel Office and Household furniture such as Linoleum and Steel top dining tables of varieties, very useful kitchen tables, also accommodating kitchen cabinets, Steel lockers, Office steel cupboards, Book racks, racks for storing heavy materials, rich office tables, up-to-date filing cabinets and devices, Parcel Scales, Book Shelves, Office tables with fire proof compartments, Yost Typewriter, Fireproof Omnibuses useful to Banks and large Offices, Book Keepers' desks, Fibre baskets useful for Mills and stores, Library, racks each accommodating 1,500 to 2,000 Volumes, Sanitary Towels, Towel holders, Tissue paper holders, letter trays, School furniture such as black boards, desks etc., etc.

A lot of Steel and Fibre castors also.

AT 5 P. M. (S. T.).

A large lot of useful stationery, such as files of varieties cards, folders, guides etc., etc.

The Property of the Steel Equipment Co.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

P. S.—Steel Furniture compared to wooden furniture has been invariably found to be more economical also not the least affected by changes of climate or weather besides being vermin proof.

AUCTION SALE OF 52 KEGS CLEANED SILHOTRI ALOE.

On SATURDAY, the 13th instant at 3 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA and CO., will sell by public auction at the Tankanpura Street, Khadak in the godown of Messrs. R. Jumabhy and by their order, on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser concerned.

52 kegs cleaned Silhotri Aloe.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 11th Oct. 1917.

THE BOMBAY WIDOW'S PENSION FUND, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1876.

No. 273, Hornby Road, near Fire Brigade Station.

Funded Captal over Two Lakhs.

Investments in Government and approved Securities only.

Regular Deposit with the Controller of Currency of the Government of India in terms of the Insurance Act.

The Accounts are subject to strict audit according to Indian Companies Act.

Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates Mortality Investigation and Valuation is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.

The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. Liberal Surrender Value in case the wife predeceased. Twelve months' grace if occupation is lost.

Commission to canvassers.

For details apply for a copy of Rules to—
GANJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

FOR
ANY THING FASHIONABLE
in Chinese Japanese, French and English Silk Piece Goods, Art Embroidery Work, etc.
A VISIT TO OUR SHOW ROOMS
will more than pay your trouble and will get you a chance to select your equirements from quite a variety of up-to-date articles.
AHMED E. ESAALI.
EMPIRE BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRAND DISPLAY
OF
JAPANESE ARTS & CURIOS
WHERE?
NEXT TO THE NATIONAL BANK BUILDINGS
Opposite Currency Office.
WAIT FOR THE OPENING DAY.

THE UNIQUE HINDU LODGE
(UNDER NEW AND EXCELLENT MANAGEMENT)
Best arrangements for high class ladies and gentlemen.
Well furnished rooms with electric fans and lights.
Arrangements for Parsi food.
Substantial Gujrati food under personal supervision.
Furnished with telephone, lift, reading room, etc.
OPP. CRAWFORD MARKET
AT THE
NRISINHA HINDU LODGE
TRIAL SOLICITED.
Only five minutes' drive from Marine Lines and Bori Bunder
TELE. 2710. TEL. "LODGE"

SALE BY AUCTION.

GANDHI & CO
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
No. 52, Medows Street Fort.

SALE TO-MORROW AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE OF ALL GOODS OF A HOSIERY SHOP.

TO-MORROW FRIDAY, the 12th October, 1917, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. GANDHI & Co., will sell by public auction at their rooms No. 52, Medows Street, all goods of a hosiery shop including English and Japanese socks of various designs, stiff and soft collars of various sizes silk, Japanese handkerchieves, handkerchieves of various designs and makes, fancy neckties, bows, shirts, a piece of a striped cloth, under shirts, hats, evening hats, ready made suites, belts, kimonas, table covers, gabchas, suit-cases, pieces for coats etc.

The above is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF RICH HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE FURNITURE, ZINC DUST, ETC., ETC.

On SATURDAY, the 13th October, 1917, at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. GANDHI and Co, Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms No. 52, Medows Street, very rich household and office furniture including rich tapestry lined suites of sofas and chairs, marble top round and square tables, tiled top centre tables, dining table, Japanese tea sets, phonograph, records, single adn double glass as well as panel door almyrahs, meatsafe, dressing table, dressing chest of drawers, dirty cloth basket, wooden and iron cots, reclining back and leather lined sofas, easy chairs, low chairs, writing tables, office chairs, book stands, paneldoor book case, typewriting machines, chair cushions, dumbwaiter, verandah benches, show case, towel stand, safe, vases galichas, etc., etc.

By order of an office concerned.

2 writing tables, 1 dozen office chairs of different kinds, William Type writing machine, 1 double paneldoor book case, stools, verandah benches, etc.

By order of an office concerned.

15 cases zinc dust, each case weighing about one cwt.

GANDHI & Co.,
Auctioneers.

TURKO-ROMAN BATH.
WITH MASSAGE AND VIBRATORY MESSAGE
by a qualified Lady.
Separate Chambers for Ladies only.
Insure your Health and Beauty.
Open: 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. Sundays not excepted.
THE POPULAR BATH CHAMBERS,
303, Hornby Road, Fort, opp. Whiteaway Laidlaw's.

CONSUMPTION
ANOTHER TRIUMPH.

DR. C. MUTHU, the world-famous specialist, who recently toured India has consented to try my remedy in his sanatorium.

Consumption can now be cured even in 2nd and 3rd stages and in "Hopeless" cases by this remedy made of Indian Herbs.

Government Official's remarkable testimony:—

"I have noticed one peculiar improvement in particular since I started your cure. My sputum is undoubtedly a better colour. Before it used to be pure yellow, now the yellow even in the morning is considerably mixed with white and very little of the sputum sinks in water. . . . I have lost the constant nervous feeling and have done a lot of work without noticing the extra exertion at all. Just before taking your cure I was running a temperature of over 100 deg. was quite unable to cycle to office or my construction works. Almost from the very day I started this medicine I have felt so extraordinarily well. . my appetite has improved and I have not had any pleuritic pains at all. I particularly notice the absence of pain, I used to have before in the legs and back."

NOTE.—This patient is in the 3rd stage and has been treated by famous specialists and got rapidly worse.

I get similar letters from nearly all parts of the world.

I have the largest Phthisis practice in the world.

Owing to rapid increase in the number of patients in Poona District I am spending a few weeks at Lonavla to keep in closer touch with them.

Address:—
REV. G. R. WALTERS,
B.A.T.C.D., M.L., L.L.D.,
Alliance House,
LONAVLA.

ADVERTISEMENT AND SUBSCRIPTION RATES

"Wanted," "To be Let," and "For Sale" Advertisements, when not strictly appertaining to any regular business, are charged at the following rates, which must be prepaid:—

Advertisements not exceeding (20 words) 8 annas per insertion; every additional word ½ anna.

Advertisements are not received after 3 p.m. for insertion in the next day's paper.

Domestic Announcements.—6 lines, Rs. per insertion prepaid. Every additional line, annas 4 extra.

Government, Railway, Legal and other Public Notifications.—Twelve annas per line or Rs. 6 per inch. Minimum charge Rs. 2.

Company Prospectuses and Company Notices.—Twelve annas per line or Rs. per inch.

Trade Announcements in Special Short Advertisement Columns.—Two annas per line, or Re. 1 per inch. No display allowed.

Educational Announcements.—Six annas per line or Rs. 3 per inch.

All advertisements are payable strictly in advance.

Special contract rates for display advertisements can be had on application to:

THE MANAGING DIRECTOR,
"Bombay Chronicle," Office,
No. 3, Medows Street, Bombay.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

	Daily. Rs.	Sunday Rs.
Local — —	30	5 per annum.
Up-country —	35	6 per annum.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

H. F. VULCANIZING SPECIALITIES, such as Workshop and Portable Vulcanizers, Appliances, Tools, Materials, Parts, etc. Big stock. EMPIRE AUTOMOBILES, New Queen's Road, Bombay. 994—13

INDIAN CINEMA FILMS—European Producer requires a Capitalist to finance the Production of Indian Travel and Dramatic Films; immense world demand, exceptional possibilities. Apply Box No. 278 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 208

SCIENCE v/s. OPERATION.—Piles radically cured Both external and internal for any standing. Price Rs. 4 per phial. Leucoderma or White Leprosy Guaranteed cure. Price Rs. 4. Cure for the Deaf. The deaf can hear after using the medicine internally Rs. 5 per bottle. A. WHITE & Co., 50, Tollygunge, CALCUTTA. 92

BEST BRITISH MAKE CARIBONUM ribbons and Carbon papers, and all TYPEWRITER & DUPLICATOR supplies. Typecopying work done neatly and accurately. Typewriter Repairs a speciality. CITY SHORTHAND & TYPEWRITING STUDIO. 3

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—COMPOUNDER for a chemist's shop. Experienced men only need apply with certificate to TARACHAND & CO., Grant Road. 210

WANTED—A HINDOO EXPERT in English Correspondence with knowledge of Gujrati Accounts. Apply Box No. 280 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 211

WANTED—ENGINEER with a 2nd Class Home Trade Certificate for small Coasting Vessel. Apply NORMAN STEWART & CO., 4, Bankshall Street, CALCUTTA. 207

WANTED—GRADUATES (B. T. preferred) as HEAD MASTERS for 2 High Schools on Rs. 100 to Rs. 120; also 3 Assistant Masters. Apply enclosing one anna stamp to THE NEW ENGAGEMENT BUREAU, Delhi. 99

WANTED—MASTER (Indian) for a small Coasting vessel under 200 tons gross register, with Home Trade-Master's Certificate. Apply NORMAN STEWART & Co., 4, Bankshall Street, CALCUTTA. 206

WANTED—A MANAGER to organize Agencies for a LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Terms liberal. Gentlemen with previous experience only need apply to Box No. 277, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 198

REQUIRED—An expert GEOLOGIST to explore the whole State and to report on future possibilities. Apply with terms and photographs before the 1st of December to THE SENIOR MINISTER, in His Highness' Government, Alwar." 184

WANTED—An ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN with previous practical experience. The applicant should state the least salary expected and see the undersigned at their office with bonafide sample drawings. DESAI & BHUTA, Architects No. 1, Hammum Street, Fort. 218.

WANTED—For the SHIRE HIGHLANDS RAILWAY, NYASALAND, LTD., LIMBE, in BRITISH CENTRAL AFRICA, a PARSEE LOCOMOTIVE FITTER to take charge of running sheds at out-stations. Salary Rs. 195 per month. Three years' agreement, free return passage, free quarters, and medical attendance. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 281 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 213

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED.—Experienced LINO OPERATORS, those who worked on the latest model No. 4 machines preferred. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 50, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

WANTED.—A GOVERNESS for a respectable Indian family. Apply stating qualifications and salary expected to Box No. 283, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 219.

WANTED—AS TEACHER Hindu young men having passed the Matriculation, School Final, etc. Beginners on a salary of Rs. twenty, and of some experience on Rs. twenty-five with an annual increase. Apply to THE PROPRIETOR and MANAGING DIRECTOR, Simons University College School, Vasco, Marmugao. 58.

SITUATION WANTED.

WANTED by a retired undergraduate, holding good references, tutor's or READER'S situation in high family. Apply SECRETARY, Union Club, MHOW.. 194

A RETIRED EXCISE INSPECTOR (quite physically fit for further service and having some little medical knowledge, being 4 years in Medical College till 1885), solicits for a decent APPOINTMENT in a firm, or anywhere else or as Secretary to an institution, or in a Native State. Apply Box No. 279, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 209

WANTED

WANTED—New or Second hand LIGHT RAILS 14 or 18 lbs. with or without sleepers. Apply to "J" c/o B. B. Joshi, Esq., Gamdevi, Bombay. 205

WANTED.—TO LEND IMMEDIATELY Rs. 20,000 on fresh mortgage of property and to give on lease 10,000 square yards of vacant land at Lal Baug, Parel, Bombay. Apply to Box No. 282, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 217.

WANTED—AGENTS by The Eastern Industrial Works for Phenyle, Sealing Wax, Black Japan, etc. Write G. V. MEHTA & Co., Shanghvi Sadan, Sandhurst Road, Bombay. 9559

WANTED—AGENTS for the SALE OF "THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE" in the principal cities of India. For terms communicate with the MANAGING-DIRECTOR, Indian Newspaper Co., Ltd., 6, Medows Street Fort, Bombay.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Stuart U.H.L. GOLD ART STEEL COMBINATION ROLL TOP Brief and Foolscap size TYPE WRITER TABLES and CABINETS by Toledo Metal Furniture Co., of America, at MEHTA AUCTIONEER'S ROOMS, 53, Medows Street, Fort. 977

BS. A. PUCCA PATH RACERS, the machine which has been the top notch in cycle racing world. Rs. 200. Only a few received. WELLINGTON CYCLISTS, Bombay and Poona. C

FOR SALE—WATER HEATER 6' by 3½' English shaftings 22' by 6½" Averys and Williams scales. Rope pulleys of 2 to 6 grooved 24" by 7" to 48" by 13¾" John Greenhalughs Willows. Gunmetaled Valve Boxes, for Bailing press, Distributing Relieving, Starting, etc., for Engine pumps delivery suction, etc., slightly used. Apply MEGHJI VALABHDASS, 222, Musjid Bunder Road 153

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET.—TO HINDUS ONLY,—FLATS on the Hughes Road, Choupaty.—Apply to SHANTARAM NARAYAN DABHOLKAR. 212

WATSON'S ANNEXE, Apollo Bunder, Rooms facing Yacht Club. Apollo Pier Road. Rents from Rs. 25 to 125. Rooms can be furnished and arrangement for Board made on shortest notice. Apply to MANAGER.

PUBLIC NOTICES:

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

RE: GOA LOTTERY OF SANTA CASA DA MISERICORDIA DE GOA.

OUR clients, Messrs. AMRATLAL LAKHMIDAS, of Cathedral Street, Bhuleshwar, Bombay, have been authorised by the Santa Casa da Misericordia de Goa to sell their Lottery tickets as their Sole Agents in British India from the 1st day of November, 1917, and our clients are authorised to make this announcement to the public.

Dated this 5th day of October, 1917.

MULLA & MULLA,
Attorneys for Messrs. Amratlal Lakhmidas.
164

NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY ADVERTISED that TRANSFER DEEDS for 70 (Seventy) Ordinary shares of the Tata Iron and Steel Co., Ltd., belonging to his Highness Maharaja Tukoji-Rao-Holkar of Indore are missing. Whosoever is in possession of these documents should communicate the matter to the 2ND SECRETARY to His Highness the Maharaja.

G. N. GARDE,
2nd Secretary to
His Highness the Maharaja Holkar,
INDORE.
180

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE OF CHANGE OF SURNAME.

I, JOHN BENJAMIN NEWBURY, heretofore known by the name of JOHN BENJAMIN NEUBERG, of Bombay, hereby give Public Notice that I have formally and absolutely renounced the use of my surname NEUBERG, and have assumed and determined henceforth on all occasions to use the name of JOHN BENJAMIN NEWBURY in place of JOHN BENJAMIN NEUBERG.

J. B. NEWBURY,
Late J. B. NEUBERG.

Bombay, 11th October, 1917. 182.

PYNE HUGHMAN & CO., LTD.

LONDON. CALCUTTA. BOMBAY.

ENGINEERS AND LAUNCH BUILDERS.

NOTICE.

IN order to deal more effectively with our business in the Bombay Presidency, we have this day OPENED a LOCAL OFFICE, the address of which is as under. All enquiries sent to this address will be dealt with expeditiously.

PYNE HUGHMAN & CO., LTD.,
Suite No. 19,
56, Esplanade Road,
Bombay.

Dated 1st October, 1917.
P. O. Box No. 375, Bombay.
Telegrams: PORCUPINE, BOMBAY. 222

NOTICE.

THE GOKULDAS CULLIANJI AHMEDNAGAR COTTON PRESS, CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a confirmatory EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of this company will be held on FRIDAY, the 26th October, 1917, instead of 17th October, 1917, at the Registered office of the Co. No. 10, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Raja Bahadur Shivlal Motilal Mansions at 3-0 p.m. (B.T.), to confirm the special resolution passed in the Extraordinary General Meeting of the shareholders of this company held on 9th October, 1917, at 3-30 p.m. (B.T.)

By Order of the Board,
VALUBHDAS DAYAL & CO.,
Agents.

For the Gokuldass Cullianji Ahmednagar Cotton Press Co., Ltd.
220

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

S.S. "INAHO MARU" having arrived, the Consignees of her Cargo are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to this office for counter-signature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application for such survey is received by the undersigned within seven days after the cargo has been discharged. Captain Richards of Messrs. Ericson and Richards, Company's appointed surveyors, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or not housed is not entitled to survey. No bag cargo in single gunny will be surveyed. The bills for claims are to be sent to this office within one month from the date of steamer's arrival otherwise they will not be entertained.

M. UCHIYAMA, Agent,
The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, Bombay.
Bombay, 10th Oct. 1917.

WANTED A FINANCIER.

BY an educated young energetic Parsi gentleman doing business in import and export with Europe and America, and undertaking Railway and Government constructions Capital required Rs. 1 to 2 lakhs to work exclusive Agencies, as well contracts. Best references and ample cash security furnished. Business safe.

For particulars apply Box No. 264 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 128

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT MUNSIFF OF BELLARY.

ORIGINAL SUIT NO. 97 OF 1917.

M. THANDAVAROYA MODALIAR...Plaintiff
vs.
M. KRISHNASWAMI IYER, 1st Defendant.

To, M. KRISHNASWAMI IYER, 1st Defendant, Bombay.

TAKE notice that the above named plaintiff has filed a Suit against you for the recovery of Rs. 238-8-0 due on a promissory note executed by you in his favour, that the above suit is posted for 15th October, 1917, for your appearance and that if you fail to appear on that day either in person or by a vakil, you will be declared ex-parte and the suit proceeded with.

K. KESHAGIRI RAO,
Pleader for Plaintiff.

Bellary, dated 23rd August, 1917. 216

IN INSOLVENCY.

NOS. 573 AND 622 OF 1913.
&
RE. VELJI NARPAL & CO., VASANJI VELJI & CO., & VASANJI PASSU & CO.,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Trustees appointed by the High Court of Bombay in Insolvency by order dated 8th day of February, 1914, have declared a fourth dividend of one anna in the rupee to be paid on and from Wednesday, the 17th day of October, 1917, to such creditors of the above-named firms who have proved their claims before the trustees.

NOTICE is also given that such creditors of the above firms or of any of them, who have not yet proved their claims should do so within 14 days from the date hereof, at the Pedhi at Kharak Bazar, Doongry Street, of Seth Tricamdas Cooverji, one of the said Trustees. All claims not proved within the said period will be deemed to have been waived and the estates will be administered without having regard to any such claim.

Dated this 9th day of October, 1917.

JAMSEDJEE RUSTOMJEE & DEVIDAS,
Attorneys for the Trustees of the Composition Scheme sanctioned by the High Court.
200

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ALI MAHAMED KAMROODIN JARIWALLA & TYABALLI KAMROODIN JARIWALLA have contracted to sell to our client Mr. MATHURADAS HARIBHAI, the property more particularly described in the Schedule hereunder written.

All persons having or claiming any estate, right, title, interest, claim, or demand in to or upon or in respect of the said property or any part thereof, by way of inheritance, gift, bequest, trust charge, mortgage, sale, lease, lien or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes, Bombay, and also to the undersigned at their office, at, 1 Hamam Street, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof, at the expiration of which period the sale will be completed without reference to such claim or claims if any, and the same will then be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece of parcel of land or ground formerly of the Pension and Tax tenure but since redeemed from the payment of all Pension and Tax together with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling house standing thereon, situate lying and being at 2nd Kolbhat Lane, commonly called or known by the name of Vanka Moholla, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 99.49 square yards, or thereabouts and registered in the books of Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 225, New No. 1721. Old Survey No. 226, and New Survey No. 153 and bounded on or towards the East by the House of Lakhmibai, wife of Bhaoo Vithoba, on or towards the West by the Public Passage called the Kolbhat 2nd Lane, or Vanka Moha la; on or towards the North by the house of Manekji Edulji and on or towards the South by the house of Bai Bachubai, widow of Manekji Shapurji which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 3191, Street No. 2, Vanka Moholla.

Dated this 9th day of October, 1917.

SOONDERDAS & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
214.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MAHOMED HASSAN bin SHAIKH AHMED MAKBA, MAHOMED AKBAR bin Shaikh Ahmed Makba, and Fatmabibi, wife of Mahomedalli Toongaykar and daughter of Shaikh Ahmed Makba in their own right and also as heirs of Mahomed Sayeed Makba, Ayshabibi, widow of the said Mahomed Sayeed Makba, Maimoonabibi wife of Shaikh Ahmed Khatkhate, Sharifabibi, wife of Abdus Salam Makba, (the two last named being the daughters of the said Mahomed Sayeed Makba), Mariambibi, widow of Mahomed Habib Makba, Mahomed Hafiz bin Mahomed Habib Makba, and Kulsumbibi, wife of Abdul Aziz Toongaykar, and Aminabibi, wife of Abdul Hamid Makba both daughters of the said Mahomed Habib Makba, (the last three being minors by their mother and natural guardian the said Mariambibi) all of Bombay Kokani Mahomedan Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease, lien, easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us at our Office No. 14K, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, will be considered as waived.

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground situate at Parel in the Island of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement Twenty-five thousand four hundred and three square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the North by a private Road, leading to Lall Bagh, belonging to the late Nusserwanjee Maneckjee Petit, on the South partly by property of the trustees of the Byramji Jeejeebhoy Trust Settlement whereon stand the Dinshaw Petit Mills belonging to the Manockji Petit Manufacturing Company Limited, and partly by a tank also the property of the said Trustees, on the East partly by the said Private Road and partly by property formerly of the said Nusserwanjee Manockjee Petit and now of the Trustees of the Nusserwanjee Manockjee Petit Charities and occupied by the J. N. Petit Parsi Orphanage, and on the West partly by Parel Road and partly by the said tank a portion of which said premises admeasuring 915 square yards is registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collectors Old No. 91, New No. 16581, Old Survey No. 2 and New Survey No. 2514 and the remaining portion bears no Collector's number but is Inam Land together with the messuages, chawls and buildings standing thereon and assessed by the Municipality under Ward Nos. 1008 (1) and 1010 (1-2) and Street No. 1, Ward No. 1008 (2) and Street No. 1A, Ward No. 1008 (2) A and Street No. 1 B.B., Ward Nos. 1008 (8) and 1010 (1-2), and Street No. 1B and 3 and 3A, Ward No. 1009 (2) and Street No. 2A, Ward No. 1009 (2)A and Street No. 2 A A, Ward No. 1009 (3) and Street No. 2B, Ward No. 1010 (1) and Street No. 3, Ward No. 1010 (2) and Street No. 3A, Ward No. 1010 (3) and Stree No. 3 B, Ward No. 1010 (4) and Street No. 3 C, Ward No. 1012 (2) and Street No. 5A, Ward No. 1013 (1) and Street No. 6, Ward No. 1013 (2) and Street No. 6A, Ward No. 1013 (3) and Street No. 6 B, Ward Nos. 1014-15 and Street Nos. 7-8, Ward Nos. 1016-17 and Street Nos. 9-10, Ward No. 1018 (1 to 3) and Street Nos. 11 at 13, and Ward Nos. 1019 at 1022 and Street Nos. 131 at 137 and all which chawls are occupied by the tenants of the vendors ALSO TOGETHER with the messuages chawls and buildings standing thereon and assessed by the Municipality under Ward No. 1008 (1) A and Street No. 1 A A, Ward No. 1009 (1) and Street No. 2, Ward No. 1009 (1) A and Street No. 2 3A, Ward No. 1009 (3) A and Street No. 2 B B, Ward No. 1011 and Street No. 4 and Ward No. 1012 (1) and Street No. 5 which chawls are occupied by the tenants of the different Sub-Lessees BUT AS TO the last mentioned messuages and chawls and the respective pieces of land covered thereby subject to the several sub-leases concerning the same respectively.

Dated this 6th day of October, 1917.

MERWANJI KOLA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
161

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE.

80, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

EXPERT preparation as for the past sixteen years for High Commercial, Banking, Secretarial, Accountancy and Indian Government Auditor's Diploma Examinations on practical lines.

Prospectus on application.

LEGAL NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. ABOO BUCKER ABDUL REHMAN, of Bombay Mahomedan inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned piece of land to our client. All persons having any claim into upon or against the said piece of land either by way of inheritance, gift, sale, trust, exchange, mortgage, charge, possession, lien, lease, easement, or otherwise are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at No. 61, Medows Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of pension and tax land containing by admeasurement 271 square yards and bounded on or towards the North by the property of Ranchhoddas Hurjiwan on or towards the South by the Tank of the Ramdas Mille belonging to Mr. Khimji Assur Virji, on or towards the East by a public passage and on or towards the West by the property of the Dhun Mill being a portion of a larger piece of land situate on the Northern side of the Elphistone Road, without the Fort, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, and which said larger piece of land is registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 52, 204, 333, 346, 488, and 599 New Nos. 3571, 3867, 4060, 4076, 4311 and 4511 Old Survey Nos. 513, 514 and 521 and New Survey Nos. 1 & 2, 1819. The plot has no Municipal Numbers.

Dated this 10th day of October, 1917.

AMIN & DESAI,
Purchasers Attorneys.
221

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR
To-night at 9-30.
Maurice E. Bandman & Wolseley Charles present the
BANDMAN MUSICAL COMEDY CO.
in a season of Popular Musical Plays.
Thursday, 11th October and Friday, 12th October
The Delightful Operetta
"THE GIRL IN THE TRAIN"
Saturday, 13th October
The well-known Hippodrome Revue
"SHELL OUT"
SUNDAY, 14th October.
REDUCED PRICE MATINEE
"MISS HOOK OF HOLLAND"
Prices as usual. Plan at Rose & Co

TO-NIGHT'S THE NIGHT!
THE
GREAT RED LETTER NIGHT
AT THE
GAIETY at 6-30 and 10 p. m.
PALACE OF VARIETIES
The
GAIETY REVUE COY.
presents
FOR THE FIRST TIME IN INDIA
OUR
GREAT REVUE SERIAL
THE
BANG GIRLS ON TOUR
THE
BANG GIRLS ON TOUR
with such stage and scenic effects never yet attempted on any INDIAN stage.
SEE
THE REALISTIC SHIPWRECK
of the
S. S. PRISCILLA.
SEE HOW
A BRITISH SUBMARINE
rescues
THE BANG GIRLS.
NOT IN PICTURES
but actually mounted and enacted on the stage.
SEE THE NAVAL PATRIOTIC FINALE
THE STAGE COVERED WITH RAGING WATER.
A MINOR ITEM
"Another little WINK would NOT do us any harm"
Special Notice:—Cinema patrons are fully aware how the interest in serial features is lost if they missed any part or parts, similarly, in order that the public may fully appreciate our attempt in presenting the above Revue Serial we invite the attention of our patrons not to miss any of the serials now being presented at enormous cost, utilising the best artistic talent available at the present time.
ROLL ON TO-NIGHT
To The Gaiety at 6-30 at & 10.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE BOMBAY'S MOST CENTRAL THEATRE
PREMIER THEATRE OF THE EAST.
HOWITT-PHILLIPS SEASON.
THE GREAT SUCCESS OF THE SEASON,
TUMULTUOUS APPLAUSE LAST NIGHT.
TO-NIGHT
TO-MORROW
SATURDAY
AT 9-30 P.M.
LONDON'S FINEST WAR PLAY.
"SEVEN DAYS' LEAVE"
BY WALTER HOWARD, AUTHOR OF "THE STORY OF THE ROSARY." AN OFFICER WHO HAS INVENTED A WONDERFUL WAR MACHINE IS IN ENGLAND ON LEAVE FOR SEVEN DAYS. GERMAN SPIES DISGUISED AS BELGIAN REFUGEES TRY TO KIDNAP HIM AND TAKE HIM ON AN ENEMY SUBMARINE TO GERMANY. THE HERO WITH THE HELP OF A SECRET SERVICE OFFICER, OUTWITS THE SPIES AND HIS FIANCEE SWIMS OUT AND GIVES A SECRET SINGNAL, BY WHICH THE GERMAN SUBMARINE IS DESTROYED.
NOW RUNNING AT THE LYCEUM THEATRE, LONDON.
THE GREATEST SENSATION OF THE YEAR.
TO-DAY MATINEE AT 5 P.M.
The tremendous farce.
"ARE YOU A MASON?"
SATURDAY MATINEE.
The famous drama.
"EAST LYNNE"
Night Prices:—Rs. 4, 3, 2, 1, & Ans. 8.
Matinee Prices:—Rs. 3, 1-8, 1 & Ans. 8.
BOOKING AT ROSE & CO.
Week days:—from 10 a.m. till 6 p.m.
Saturdays:—till 1 p.m.
NEW POPULAR PICTURES
NO PICTURES TO-DAY
TO-MORROW AT 6-45 P.M. ONLY.
A Four-reel Drama.
"TRAPPED BY LONDON SHARKS"
A SCREEMING COMIC.
"MIXED MATRIMONY"
The latest
PATHE GAZETTE
AND A MUSICAL TREAT BY THE BEST THEATRE ORCHESTRA IN THE EAST.
Prices: Rs. 1/8, Re. 1, Ans. 8 & 4. Box seats Rs. 2.

Dr. P. S. GANLA, M.D.
SERUM-THERAPIST.
Guarantees a perfect and speedy Cure by Serum-Injections in the following Diseases:—
Phthisis, Scrofula, Hysteria, Paralysis, Pneumonia, Plague Tetanus and Typhoid Fever.
Telegraphic Address:—Dr. GANLA
BOMBAY No. 8.

PERSIAN HAIR DYE
FOR RENDERING HAIR BLACK,
An outcome of a Research by an eminent Indian Scientist.
THIS IS THE ONLY HAIR DYE
that has stood the crucial test of the most uncompromising Medical Men, such as M Bs., I.M.Ss., Indian and European, and of the scientists in the Chemical Laboratories, Government and Private.
Tested at the Government Chemical Laboratory.
Price Rs. 2 Second quality 1-4
Postage Extra.
To be had from the Army and Navy Co-operative Society, Ltd., Messrs. KEMP and Co., Ltd., and also from all known Chemists and Druggists.
Illustrated pamphlet sent free
Sole Agents:—
HORMUSJI DOSABHOY & CO.
Bombay No. 4. Tel. No. 511.

SANTI OIL.
To be used externally.
Guaranteed sure, genuine and permanent cure for Nervous Debility of any nature and standing whatever may be the cause, this oil acts as a marvel, restores natural vigor and also rejuvenates old men. For particulars apply to:—
The "Health Home," P. O. Santa, Bengal.
(Dept. B 2.)

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AMUSEMENTS.

PATHE PRESENTS THE SUPER SENSATIONAL SERIAL

To-night AT 6-30 p.m.

Featuring PEARL WHITE PEARL WHITE PEARL WHITE PEARL WHITE

"THE IRON CLAW" "THE IRON CLAW" "THE IRON CLAW"

Featuring PEARL WHITE PEARL WHITE PEARL WHITE PEARL WHITE

The Supreme achievement in the field of Sensational Serials
PEARL WHITE, CREIGHTON HALE, SHELDON LEWIS
THE "EXPLOITS OF ELAINE" TRIO

"THE LAUGHING MASK!"

WHAT IS HE?

The most remarkable versatile daring genius of adventure ever seen in a film

TWO STARTLING EPISODES THIS WEEK } "THE VENGEANCE OF LEGAR" "THE HOUSE OF UNHAPPINESS"

THIS WONDERFUL FILM COMMENCES THIS WEEK

THE EXCELSIOR

TO-DAY At 6-30

POPULAR PRICES Rs. 2, 1. AND ANNAS 8, 4.

A LIBERAL REWARD
has been offered by Mr. KUTT HARDY
for the capture of the Mysterious Criminal

"FILIBUS"

WILL YOU CAPTURE HIM?
TRY IF YOU CAN.

KUTT HARDY not only failed but was himself arrested by the Police as "FILIBUS."

"FILIBUS" OUTWITS THE GENIUS OF

SHERLOCK HOLMES

See this most absorbing and "never-like-this before" Detective Film to-night and let us know if you could have enjoyed better.

WAIT FOR

JULE'S VERNE'S
20,000 leagues under the sea
THRILLING!

Beyond your wildest dreams commencing Sat. Oct. 13th

Note.—Popular prices in spite of 105 min. extraordinary attraction.

OLYMPIA SANDHURST ROAD (West)
(N.A.B.)

"Fools rush in where angels fear to tread!"

And fools actually do rush into the dreadful den of Helen Santiago, the sweet charmer, the murderous queen of the "House of Oblivion." It is an experience of a lifetime to see her in—

"THE GENTLEMEN OF THE JURY"
(In 5 reels—5000 feet.)
AT THE BOMBAY'S LEADING CINEMA THEATRE

WEST END CINEMA
(NEW CHURNY ROAD.)

FOUR SHOWS to-day and to-morrow at 5-30; 7-0; 8-45 & 10-15 p.m. (S T)
HALF PRICES AS USUAL.

IMPERIAL
The Premier Picture Palace of Bombay.
LAMINGTON ROAD

TO-NIGHT TO-NIGHT
"PATRIA"
"PATRIA"
"PATRIA"

The most sensational picture ever shown by us.
A romance of Preparedness,
FEATURING
MRS. VERNON CASTLE
Known throughout the world as the best dressed woman in America.
A divine dancer, a perfect swimmer and a fine actress all combined in one.
PATHE GAZETTE
LATEST
"SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA"
Another Combitone Travel.
"DEVIL'S GROTTO"
Coloured Fantasy.
"ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW"
7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.
POPULAR PRICES.

Mrs. Vernon Castle as Patria Channing in PATRIA International Serial

AMUSEMENTS.

THIS WEEK THE EMPIRE PRESENTS

AN EPIC OF DARKEST RUSSIA!

"IVAN THE TERRIBLE"

A RUSSIAN CLASSIC FILM In 5 Reels—6,000 Feet.

From the Celebrated Russian Opera by Baron Bauol Gunsbourg
The Barbaric Splendours of Mediæval Russia!

There never was a film more certain to draw the public than the marvellous Cines version of the World-famous Russian Historical Opera, "Ivan the Terrible."

A Gorgeous Classic Spectacle, Glorious Pageantry, Unique Russian Settings and Costumes.
An Absolute Novelty. The first film of the kind ever attempted.
Of First-Rate Topical Interest. Everybody wants to learn more of Russia, our great Ally, and of her wonderfully Romantic History.

Watch for the great Russian Dances by the Royal Ballet from the Imperial Theatre of Petrograd.

"IVAN THE TERRIBLE"—Unfolds a page of wild Romance in the history of Russia, depicting in vivid colours the Romance and the Tragedy of Court Life in Mediæval Russia, clothed in the Grandeur, Glory and the Mystery of semi-barbaric sovereignty.

"IVAN THE TERRIBLE"—The most thrilling realistic film play ever screened! Tells of the outstanding events in the wild life of the terrible Czar, with the cruel and unforgettable personality, withal a man of real genius, to whom moments of real greatness and nobility were not denied,

"IVAN THE TERRIBLE"—A Cines Masterpiece: an absolute triumph for SIGNOR NOVELLI.

TO-DAY AT 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

ARE YOU FOLLOWING
THE GREATEST SERIAL ON EARTH??
"THE VOICE ON THE WIRE"
DON'T FORGET
IT-STARTS-TO-DAY
AT THE EUROPEAN CINEMA

ELDORADO

LAMINGTON ROAD (North).

It baffles description—every inch a thrill, sensation. The Voice on the Wire, is the mightiest mystery serial ever screened in India, the world-famed Detective, Ben Wilson, being the hero. But if Ben Wilson is the shrewdest detective why is he baffled?? And by whom??? And what is the object?? We simply ask you—

WHAT DID HAPPEN 17 YEARS AGO IN PARIS???
WHO IS THE VOICE ON THE WIRE???
WHO IS RED WARREN??
WHAT IS THE MEANING OF SEN-SI-YAU??

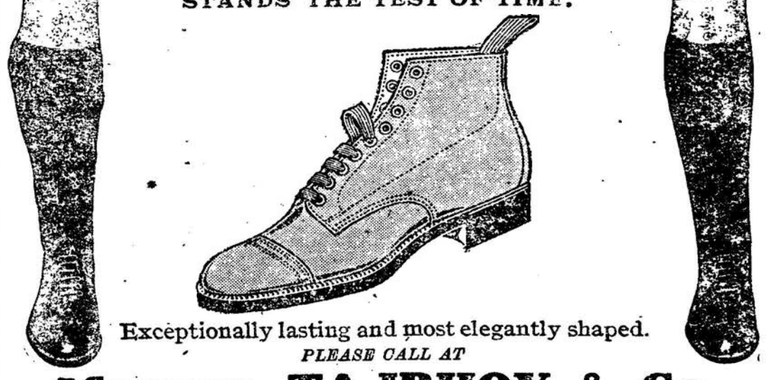
Make it a duty to see the answer on the screen. Remember our motto, when we, Proprietors of the Eldorado Cinema insist on you coming, we are sure of giving you a full satisfaction, Come and judge.

Look out for a startling anouncement on Saturday.

TIME—7-0, 8-45 & 10-15.

USUAL HALF PRICE.

IF YOU DESIRE THE GREATEST
BOOT VALUE
which assures you of all comforts of an ideal footwear
MONEY GOES BUT REPUTATION STANDS THE TEST OF TIME.



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IMPORTERS OF ALL KINDS OF HIGH CLASS FOOTWEAR.
BARIA MANSION, OPP. CRAWFORD MARKET
BOMBAY

THE WEATHER

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Oct. 10.

The withdrawal of the monsoon from Northern India is progressing. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma and local in Assam and Central Provinces. The principal amounts are:—Tavoy two inches, Rangoon and Khandwa one.

Forecast:—Decrease of rain in Central Provinces.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY COLABA.

Bombay, 9th Oct. 1917.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m. 6 p.m., and 10 p.m.:

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr	29.835 Inch.
Temperature of Air	79.5 Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	75.2 "
Dew Point	73.5 "
Relative humidity of Air	84.333 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	6.8 "
Maximum temperature of Air	86.1 "
Minimum do.	76.4 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	WSW-WNW. W.
Rate of Wind do. do.	106 Miles.
Fall of Rain	0.00 Inches.
Total fall during month	23.99 "
Do. do. year	99.94 "
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m., of 10th Oct.	0.00 "

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of week	Day of month	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time	Depth on Sill.	Day of month	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean time.	Depth on Sill.
	Oct.	h. m.	ft. in.	Oct.	h. m.	ft. in.
Wed.	10	m 7 42	25 0	10	m 0 27	20 1
		8 0a	23 6		2 15a	19 10
Thur	11	m 8 37	25 3	11	m 1 45	19 11
		8 54a	24 6		2 59	19 0
Fri	12	m 9 13	25 8	12	m 2 32	19 7
		9 34a	25 4		3 19a	18 3
Sat.	13	m 9 42	26 1	13	m 3 13	19 1
		10 8a	26 5		3 46a	17 5
Sun.	14	m 10 10	26 5	14	m 3 51	19 8
		10 40a	27 0		4 14a	16 9
Mon.	15	m 10 38	26 9	15	m 4 28	18 4
		11 12a	27 8		4 44a	16 2
Tues	16	m 11 7	26 11	16	5 1.a	15 8
		11 45a	25 1			

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset, according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

Oct.	Sunrise	Sunset
" 10 (Wednesday)	" 6h. 31m.	" 6h. 22m.
" 11 (Thursday)	" 6h. 31m.	" 6h. 21m.
" 12 (Friday)	" 6h. 32m.	" 6h. 20m.
" 13 (Saturday)	" 6h. 32m.	" 6h. 19m.
" 14 (Sunday)	" 6h. 33m.	" 6h. 18m.
" 15 (Monday)	" 6h. 33m.	" 6h. 17m.
" 16 (Tuesday)	" 6h. 33m.	" 6h. 17m.

Phases of the Moon:—

	d	h.	m.
Last Quarter	8	3	44.3 a.m.
New Moon	16	8	11.0 a.m.
First Quarter	23	3	7.70 p.m.
Full Moon	30	11	49.2 a.m.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, on the 10th October, 1917 was 29.048 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .019 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Wednesday, the 10th October 1917, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature continues in defect; night temperature is also below the normal in the north and the east Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or very lightly clouded. Temperature is in defect in the extreme north-western districts.

Sind and Rajputana.—Mount Abu reports 0.20in of rain. Skies are clear or very lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is generally in defect; night temperature is also below normal in the northern districts of Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Rajkot reports 0.24in. of rain and Neemuch 0.11in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. The air is damper than usual. Day temperature is generally in defect; night temperature is in excess in north Gujarat and Central India West.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general in the west Central Provinces; Hoshangabad has had 0.29in., Khandwa 1.05 in., Akola 0.26in., Amraoti 0.86in. and Nagpur 0.30in Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in defect in the area of rainfall; night temperature is in excess at some stations.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly clouded. Day temperature is in defect at Bombay.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in defect in the northern half of the division.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been confined to Kathiawar and the central parts of the country; it has been nearly general in the west Central Provinces and local in Central India West while some showers have occurred in Kathiawar.

Some showers are likely in Kathiawar, Gujarat, Central India West and the Central Provinces. A few showers may occur also on the Coromandel coast.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 a.m. on WEDNESDAY, the 10th of October, 1917.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8 A.M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Total 1st June to date.	Rainfall. Departure 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	..	..	..	..	0	—0.01
Do. (9th Oct.)	85.2	73.9	49	..	0	—0.06
Jask	..	..	..	..	0	—0.06
Muskat	..	..	..	..	0	—0.17
Do. (9th Oct.)	91.1	78.5	64	..	0	—0.17
PUNJAB—						
Multan	91.6	67.8	59	..	18.13	+13.40
Rawalpindi	85.1	65..	66	..	29.73	+17.12
Lahore	85.9	61.6	74	..	25.78	+11.56
Hissar	87.2	63.3	66	..	39.64	..
Ambala	86.7	61.3	66	..	40.06	+16.52
Delhi	87.3	66.6	64	..	28.31	+4.74
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	90.2	66.2	57	..	38.94	+14.29
Mainpuri	90.0	63.2	67	..	30.10	+6.11
Jhansi	90.5	69.3	71	..	43.83	+8.67
Cawnpore	89.5	68.1	63	..	45.34	+12.17
Allahabad	89.4	69.8	76	..	39.33	+3.91
SIND AND RAJPUTANA	90.3	63.6	54	..	10.28	+8.09
Jacobabad	86.5	72.4	68	..	4.24	—1.89
Karachi	85.3	63.9	80	..	42.34	+28.49
Ajmer	90.0	63.1	54	..	16.43	+24.63
Jaipore	89.6	75.5	69	..	55.24	+29.02
Kotah	92.6	73.4	59	..	28.69	+16.49
Mount Abu	72.6	63.9	78	0.20	126.99	+68.49
GUJARAT KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—	93.6	74.7	69	..	21.32	+7.92
Rajkot	86.6	73.0	83	..	12.24	+7.09
Dwarka	92.4	71.0	81	..	20.61	..
Veraval	84.8	71.8	90	0.24	13..	..
Baikot	90.0	72.0	80	..	20.48	..
Bhavnagar Para	88.4	72.2	77	..	19.84	..
Surat	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ahmedabad	..	..	..	..	..	..
Deesa	..	..	..	..	..	..
Westcutch	..	..	..	..	..	..
Indore	93.0	68.0	57	..	35.33	+4.86
CENTRAL PROVINCES—	90.6	71.6	84	..	34.52	..
Jubbulpore	..	..	..	..	..	..
Seoni	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hoshangabad	..	..	..	..	..	..
Khandwa	..	..	..	..	..	..
Akola	..	..	..	..	..	..
Amraoti	89.6	71.6	83	..	33.43	+16.44
Nagpur	88.5	71.1	80	..	22.36	—2.83
Chanda	..	..	..	..	..	..
Raipur	..	..	..	..	..	..
KONKAN—	83.1	75.6	90	..	91.28	+24.79
Bombay	83.5	72.1	76	..	10.45	+10.09
Ratnagiri	82.0	72.6	91	..	96.69	+9.90
Marmugao	83.1	70.6	94	..	12511	+11.26
Karwar	..	..	..	..	..	..
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—	83.7	70.5	81	..	16.55	—3.47
Halegaon	83.0	68.7	85	..	20.10	+1.11
Ahmednagar	83.6	65.3	84	..	17.78	—4.21
Poona	88.4	70.0	70	..	19.84	—4.49
Sholapur	88.0	69.9	87	..	20.48	+4.13
Bijapur	78.6	68.5	81	..	35.33	—4.86
Belgaum	83.7	70.1	77	..	33.68	+9.10
Aurangabad	87.4	73.6	78	..	33.43	+16.44
Nizamabad (Indur)	86.9	75.3	72	..	22.36	—2.83
Hyderabad	..	..	..	..	..	..
MALABAR AND CEYLON	85.6	75.2	83	..	19214	+11.23
Mangalore	84.8	76.6	82	..	84.74	—6.78
Calicut	86.0	76.2	80	0.01	78.62	+2.68
Cochin	85.6	74.3	94	0.04	92.63	—1.14
Colombo	..	..	..	..	..	..
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—	94.3	77.5	80	..	40.60	+15.12
Masulipatam	90.3	70..	65	..	18.81	+6.84
Bellary	94.9	75.3	72	..	17.22	—4.49
Cuddapah	94.0	77.6	73	..	24.07	+5.62
Madras	94.0	77.6	73	..	24.07	+5.62
Bangalore	88..	71.6	81	..	22.65	+0.87
Coimbatore	89.1	72.1	74	..	6.22	—0.06
Trichinopoly	91.7	74.4	69	..	20.01	+6.42
Negapatam	..	..	..	..	..	..

DR. SALEEBY'S CASE.

WHY HE SECURED EXEMPTION FROM THE ARMY.

The case of Dr. C. W. Saleeby came up for hearing in mail week before the Kensington Tribunal, when the clerk (Mr. Sadler) mentioned that he had received a communication from Dr. Saleeby enclosing a certificate from the Ministry of Food showing that he was engaged in work of national importance in that department.

The Mayor (presiding): That takes him out of our jurisdiction.

A member: What is he passed for?

The Clerk: B1. He is 39, is married, and has two children.

The Mayor: My recollection is that he stated that he held the degree of Doctor of Medicine of Edinburgh, but he has not practised for a great many years, and we think that, so far as his medical qualifications are concerned, it is undesirable to send him into the Army in the interests of the soldiers, or that he should be allowed to practise on them. In this the applicant agrees with us. He is principally a lecturer and writer.

Dr. Saleeby, it was stated, received exemption in July 1916, conditional on his continuing his work as a public lecturer. On May 23rd of this year this was altered to temporary exemption, which expired yesterday.

The clerk was asked to note that his case should come before the tribunal again in February 1918.—"The Daily Chronicle."

There arrived at Rangoon on Tuesday from Mandalay 42 rank and file of the Upper Burma Volunteer Rifles under Captain Scott comprising the first group for general military service. The party leave for Calcutta, but their ultimate destination is unknown.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, Oct. 9th.

			Bales.
Total Day's	Sales at Liverpool ..	.. ..	3,000
" "	Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	.. ..	..
" "	Sales of East Indian ..	.. ..	200
" "	Imports	.. ..	..
Mid. Americans spot trading value		..	19.97÷50
Egyptian F.G.F. spot sakellaridis		..	21.85—55
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time)		Jan:	26.75
		Mar.	26.81
		May	26.80
New Orleans 10 a.m.		Jan.	26 09
		Mar.	26.17

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Oct. 9th.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

New Contracts.

Months.	
January	19.14÷12
February	....
March	18.88÷12
April	....
May	....

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool,-Oct 9th.

New Contracts

Months.	
January	19 36÷34
February	19.21÷32
March	19.06÷30
April	18.91÷25
May	18.76÷20

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Oct. 9th.

New Contracts.

Months:	
January	27.10
February	27.10 ÷ 60
March	27 10

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Oct. 9th:

M.G. Bengal Good	.. .. ..	..18.82
" " Fully Good	.. ..	..17.13
" " Fine	.. ..	..17.38
" No. 1 Oomra Good	.. ..	..18.50
" " Fully Good	.. ..	..18.75
" " Fine.	.. ..	..19.00
" Broach Good	.. ..	..19.84 +50
" " Fully Good	.. ..	..20.02
" Fine	.. ..	..20.20
" Scinde Good	.. ..	..16.88
" " Fully Good	.. ..	..17.13
" " Fine	.. ..	..17.38

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Oct. 8th.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	30,000
" Exports to Great Britain	7,000
" " to Continent	6,000
Futures at New York Jan.	26.31÷98
" " Mar.	26.40÷98
" May	26.48÷96
Spot Cotton at New York	27.50÷50
" at New Orleans	26.50÷47
Futures at New Orleans Jan.	25.48÷98
" Mar.	25.70÷85
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	8½
Demand Bills	4.75.25
Silver Commercial Bars	90⅝

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Oct. 8th.

LINSEED.

Linseed Calcutta Sept.-Oct Value ..	595

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Commercial Correspondent.)

Oct. 10.

Owing to the arrival in Bombay of Mrs. Annie Besant the market was entirely closed to-day.

NOMINAL QUOTATIONS 10 a.m.

	Rs.
Good Broach April	457
Fine Khamgaum Akola Jan.	434
Fully Good Bengal Jan.	338

QUOTATIONS 9-30 P.M.

NEW CROP.

Broach good	April ..		459
Bengal Fully good	January ..		329

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce, etc. for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. of 9th October :—

Cotton	1,965 baler.
Wheat	23,101 cwts.
Linseed	1,483 "
Rape, Rai & Mustardseed, etc.	118 "
Gingellyseed	168 "
Poppyseed	Nil
Groundnuts	234 "
Castorseed	13,766 "
Rice	19,028 "
Myrabollams	890 "
Cottonseed	1,180 "
Mowrasseed	Nil
Gram	2,755 "
Jowar	1,317 "
Maize	Nil
Barley	Nil

BULLION.

The silver market is quiet and dull.
Bar Gold 25-12.
Sovereign 15-15.
Silver Ready ex-duty 98-4.
Silver 1st Sett. ex-duty 98-9.

EXCHANGE.

Bank Tel. Transfer 1/4 31/32.
Bank demand drafts 1/5 1/32.
3 months' Sight Credits 1/5 13/32.
Bank demand on France Fr. 105.
3 months' Sight France Fr. 202½.
D. D. on Hongkong Rs 200.
D. D. on Shanghai Rs 287½.
T. T. on Japan Rs 150.
60 days Sight Japan Rs 140½.
Bank demand on New York Rs. 297.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

The following are the nominal rates:—
5 p.c. War Loan 1929-47.
Cum warrant 95.
Warrant 2/7 p.c.
4 p.c. Conversion Loan 82.
4 p.c. Conversion Terminable Loan 95.
3½ p.c. small pieces 69.
3 p.c. small pieces 58.
4 p.c. Port Trust Bond guaranteed redeemable 3 months' notice 80.
4 p.c. Port Trust Bond long-dated 78.
Municipal long-dated 76.
Municipal short-dated 80.
City Improvement Trust 60 years Jan/July 79.
5 p.c. Municipal Tansa 92.
Sanitary 94.
The following are the Bank rates:—
Bank of Bombay 5 p.c.
Bank of Bengal 5 p.c.
Bank of Madras 6 p.c.

SHARES.

The share market opened steady but declined towards the close due to speculative sales and profit taking. During the latter part of the day business was closed on account of Mrs. Besant's arrival.

Standards were placed at prices varying from 1840 to 1830, Fazulbhoys from 837/8, to 830, Madhavjees from 2455 to 2440 and closed at 2450, Nagpurs from 2590 to 2600, Century from 362/8, to 370, and Simplex from 767/8 to 775.

Colaba improved to 1280. Coorla to 560, Crescents were quoted at 245. Currimbhoys improved to 366/4, Indian Bleachings to 250, Kohinoors to 975, Luxmi Cotton to 1390, Manockjee Petit to 1950, and Textile to 1900 and Swadeshis declined to 1830.

Tata Iron new ordinary shares improved to 81/4 premium, and New deferreds to 307½ premium, Katni Ordinary improved to 270.

MESSRS. MONTAGU'S REPORT.

Messrs. Samuel Montagu & Co., in their circular dated August 23rd write:—

GOLD.

The Bank of England gold reserve against its note issue shows an increase of £546,385, as compared with last week's return.

New York announces that $6,955,000 has been engaged for export; among the proposed consignees, Spain and Japan figure substantially.

The following is from "Financial America" under date 2nd August last:—

"The extent of the transfers by the Sub-Treasury to San Francisco, incidental to exports of gold from that centre to Japan, continues to cause comment. Within a little over a week, these transfers have amounted to over $12,000,000 and the previous transfers were almost equally heavy. We are remitting on the average about $1,500,000 a day to Japan. While the exports of gold to Spain have been the subject of criticism as to their intrinsic exchange basis, there has been no question raised over the merit of the gold export to Japan. Various explanations of the movement have been advanced from time to time, but as a general proposition, the gold is being shipped because of United States purchases of a great variety of articles from Japan and we have been financing Russia's purchases of munitions from that country."

SILVER.

The price remained at 44d. from the 15th to the 18th instant, inclusive. During this period supplies were exceedingly scanty, and it was not practicable to fill the daily demand, although that could not have been described as even substantial. As a result the market closed each day in an unsatisfied condition and naturally gathered strength as the buying orders held over became cumulative in amount and urgency.

The price therefore advanced again on the 20th instant to 44¾d., and on the 21st instant to 44 3/4d., another fresh record since October 1891.

Eastern business is at a standstill as it has been for some time past; buying has been chiefly for the trade here and abroad.

The Shanghai exchange has also advanced to 4s. 3 3,4d. Business has been done as high as 4s. 4d.

Very large shipments are being made from San Francisco for the Indian Government, the bulk probably consisting of silver purchased previously.

The holdings of silver and gold by the Indian Treasury continue to increase, as will be seen by the details that follow. There is reason to believe that large amounts of gold received in India from Japan do not figure in these totals.

(IN LAKHS OF RUPEES.)

Notes in circulation July 31, 9931; August 7, 10002; August 15, 10151.

Reserve in silver coin and bullion July 31, 2668; August 7, 2665; August 15, 2747.

Gold coin and bullion in India July 31, 703; August 7, 859; August 15, 1001.

Gold in England July 31, 442; August 7, 330; August 15, 255.

The stock in Bombay consists of 2,200 bars, the same as reported last week.

The stock in Shanghai on the 21st August, consisted of about 22,200,000 ounces in sycee and 15,700,000 dollars, as compared with about 21,900,000 ounces in sycee and 15,000,000 dollars on the 11th August 1917.

Quotations for bar silver p. oz. std:—

August 17 44 cash. No quotation fixed for forward delivery.

August 18 44 cash. No quotation fixed for forward delivery.

August 20 44 1/2 cash. No quotation fixed for forward delivery.

August 21 44 3/4 cash. No quotation fixed for forward delivery.

August 22 44 3/4 cash. No quotation fixed for forward delivery.

August 23 44 3/4 cash. No quotation fixed for forward delivery.

Average 44.458.

Bank Rate 5 per cent.

Bar Gold p. oz. std. 77/9.

The quotation to-day for cash delivery is 3/4d. above that fixed a week ago.

A MAFEKING TRAGEDY.

SHOOTING OF MR. PARSLOW.

The death at Broadmoor of Lieut. Kenneth Murchison recalls a tragedy of the South African war.

At Mafeking, in November, 1899, about three weeks after the beginning of the siege, Lieut. Murchison shot dead Mr. E. G. Parslow, the "Daily Chronicle" correspondent, as the two were walking together across the Market Square to Col. Baden-Powell's headquarters. They had been dining together and a quarrel suddenly developed.

Mr. Parslow, who was a native of Liverpool, had been in South Africa for six years when the war broke out.

A court-martial was held at Mafeking on November 9, and Lieut. Murchison was found guilty of wilful murder, and sentenced to death. There was a strong recommendation to mercy, and Col. Baden-Powell reported to Lord Roberts that he considered the prisoner eccentric, and the sentence was commuted to penal servitude for life. In a later stage of the defence the reprieved officer was actually entrusted with military duties.

Lieut. Murchison was subsequently found by the prison authorities to be insane, and was removed to Broadmoor in August 1902.—"The Daily News and Leader."

The Bank of Madras rate of interest remains unchanged.

Justice Coutts Trotter of the Madras High Court had before him a suit in which the plaintiff was the Official Assignee and defendants Messrs. A. L. A. R. Ramaswamy Chetty and Co. Among the witnesses summoned, was one Parthasarathy, a clerk in Best and Co., Ltd., and he was not present at the time the case he was called. Arriving about half an hour later, witness explained that he had work in his office and could not be earlier in court. His Lordship dryly remarked that European business houses in Madras had a habit of treating with scant courtesy processes of the High Court and in order that it might serve as a lesson fined the witness Rs. 10.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY,

Hindu: 10th Vad of Bhadrapad, 1973.
Mahomedan: 22nd of Zilhai, 1335.
Parsi: 30th of Farwardin, 1287.
Jewish: 24th of Thisri, 5678.
Sunrise: 6h. 31 min.; Sunset: 6h. 24 min.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Lecture by Mrs. Besant on "The Present Political Situation", Shantaram's Chawl, Mughbat (Kandewadi) 6-30 p.m. (S. T.).

Tata Iron and Steel Co., Tenth Ordinary General Meeting, Navsari Building, 3 p.m. SATURDAY, Oct. 13.

Public meeting of Mahomedans, to ask for release of Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali, Muzaffarbad Hall, (near Grant Road Station), 9-30 p.m., (S.T.).

AMUSEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT.

Performance of Guierati play "Sudha Chandra" at Gaiety Theatre at 9 p.m. in aid of Surat Hindu Orphanage.

Excelsior Theatre: Bandman Musical Comedy Co., at 9-30 in "The Girl in the Train" and Excelsior Pictures at 6-30 p.m. in "Iron Claw."

Royal Opera House Cinema: 6-45 and 9-30 p.m.

The Howitt-Phillips Company in "Seven Days Leave."

Imperial Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-15 p.m.

Empire Cinema: 6-30, 8-15 and 10-0 p.m.

Palace of Varieties: At 6-30 and 10-0 p.m., every Wednesday, Saturday and Monday Show, every Sunday at 6-30 p.m., at Edwards

Eldorado Cinema: Lamington Road, 6-45, 8-30 and 10-0 p.m.

West End Cinema: Charni Road, 5-30, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-15.

New Alexandra Cinema near Crawford Market, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Anglo-American Cinema: Sandhurst Road, 7-0, 8-30 and 10-30.

New Alhambra Cinema: Sandhurst Road. 7-45, 9-0 and 10-45.

Olympia Cinema: Sandhurst Road.

G. I. P. TRAINS FROM BOMBAY.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Punjab Mail	13 0	14 25
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpore). ..	15 0	21 0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	9 15	18 0
Madras Mail	8 40	21 30
Poona Mail	11 25	14 45
Delhi Express (3rd and Inter Class).	8 20	7 0
Frons Express	19 40	7 55

			Dep.
Outta Postal	Express	}	On days of arrival seven hours after mail steamer is signalled
ress Do.	do.		
Do.	do.		

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

The following are the arrival and departure times from Colaba:—

BOMBAY.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Mathera Express	11 35	17 0
Surat Mails	8 15	21 0
Sabarwar rd Class Express ..	7 40	21 21

Domestic Occurrence.

MARRIAGE.

BHARUCHA-ENGINEER—On 1st October, 1917, Mr. Khurshed M. Bharucha to Miss Gulbanoo Homi Engineer. Parsi Roj Ram, Maha Farvardin, 1287.

POONA RIFLES.

POONA, Oct. 9.

926. Musketry.—The Rifle Range is allotted for class firing as follow:—

Tuesday 9th "A" Coy. Parts I and II Table "C."

Wednesday 10th and Thursday 11th "B" Coy. Parts I and II Table "C."

Friday 12th and Saturday 13th "A" Coy. Parts I and II Table "C."

927. Clothing.—The Quartermaster's Stores will be open for issue of clothing from 8 a.m. to 10 a.m. daily except Sundays.

928. Errata.—With reference to Corps Orders No. 918 dated 8th instant, the regimental exercise notified to take place on Wednesday 10th instant at 7 a.m. is cancelled.

930. Hockey (a) There will be a Hockey Club Meeting at Headquarters on Wednesday next 10th instant at 6 p.m. All members of the Corps interested in Hockey are requested to attend.

(b) There will be a meeting of the Corps sub-section St. John Ambulance at Headquarters on Wednesday next the 10th instant at 6-30 p.m. All members of the Stretcher Class are requested to attend.

BAND AT THE P.V. MARY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Danner, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Regiment will play this evening a programme of music under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Band Master, commencing at 6-15 p.m.

INSTITUTO LUSO INDIANO.

The Annual General Meeting of Members of the Instituto Luso-Indiano will be held in their hall, Girgaum Road, on Sunday, the 14th instant at 6 p.m.

GANDHARVA MAHA VIDYALAYA.

The anniversary of the opening of the "Gangabai Free Music Class" by Pandit Vishnu Digamber, in memory of his late revered mother, will be held at the hall of the Institution, Sandhurst Road, on Saturday, the 13th instant at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.), under the presidentship of Dr. Nanasaheb Deshmukh.

In connection with the murder of Mrs. Mistry by a Tamil Christian dismissed cook at Rangoon, it is said that the deed was committed out of revenge with a clasp knife. The tragedy took place in the heart of the town. By the time hospital assistance was available, Mrs. Mistry passed beyond all help. The murderer gave himself up. It is believed that he will get over his self-inflicted injuries. The event has caused quite a sensation in the town.

Mr. Watton of the Arracan Coy. Rangoon who met with a serious motor accident last week, and is now progressing favourably was questioned by the police for the details of the accident. He was unable to make any statement as he said his mind was blank concerning everything connected with the accident. Two taxi-drivers involved in the collision have been sent up for trial on the charges of reckless driving and causing danger to human life.

FEEDING OF SCHOOL-CHILDREN.

CONTRIBUTION TO SEVA SADAN FUND.

The Secretary gratefully acknowledges the receipt of the following donations for the School-children Feeding Fund:—

Mr. Hormusji Dinsha Adenwala, Zoroastrian Building Society's Shares of Rs. 1,000, the interest whereof is only to be used, A Parsi Lady Rs. 200, Bai Jerbai N. Wadia Rs. 180, through Mr. R. D. N. Wadia Rs. 165, A Sympathiser Rs. 100, Little Ismail Rs. 100, Bai Dinbai R. Tata Rs. 66, Mrs. J. D. Bharda Rs. 50, A Zoroastrian Lady Rs. 50; Lord Chelmsford Club Rs. 51, for Parsi Children only, Mrs. Rameshwardas Rs. 50, Bai Dinbai in Sacred Memory of Khorshed A Patel Rs. 25, Mrs. Fardoonji N. Fardoonji Rs. 25, Messrs. Dosabhai Rustomji Oomrigar Rs. 25, Goswami Rajabahadur Lalgirji Binodgirji Rs. 25, Mr. Vajeshankar Gavrishankar Oza Rs. 25, Mr. Pirosha F. Vandrewalla Rs. 25, Mr. J. R. Billimoria Rs. 25, Mrs. Hirabai Cavasji Seth Rs. 20, A Friend Rs. 20, Zoroastrians of B. C. & M. A. Rs. 20, Collection Rs. 20, Mrs. Hirabai Rustamji Patel Rs. 15, Mr. Shiavax Vadehar Paymaster Rs. 10, Anonymous Rs. 10, Miss B. A. Randelia Rs. 10, Mrs. P. J. Tapore Rs. 10, Misses Manjieh and Perin Bode Rs. 10, A Zoroastrian Rs. 10, Lady Jagmohandas Varjivandas Rs. 10, Brother Rs. 10, Mr. E. R. Noble Rs. 10, Mrs. Zubak Chotalal Rs. 10, Mrs. N. N. Saher Rs. 10, and sums below ten Rs. 63 2, Total Rs. 1,455 2.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

THE GIRL IN THE TRAIN.

To-night the Bandman Musical Comedy Co. will stage the above play at the Excelsior Theatre. The plot is as follows:—

Karel Van Buren travels up from Nice to Amsterdam in a reserved corridor car in the company of an actress, Gonda van der Loo. This leads to an action for divorce, brought by Karel's wife, Jana Van Buren. The case is heard in the court of President Van Eyck, a man who is in the habit of, in his social capacity, consoling those ladies who, in his official capacity, he has brought misery to. The divorce is granted but shortly after the wife (that was) calls on the husband as she has just received a telegram from her father to say that he is returning to Amsterdam after an absence of many weeks in Siberia. He knows nothing about the case and it is decided that he be kept ignorant of it for a short while. A ball is at the time in progress in the house and one of the ladies suggests a new game—men to be blind-folded, to then valse with whichever girl they first catch and when the bandages are removed to propose marriage to their partners. Of course, the divorced couple are thus brought together again.

Musically, this is the company's greatest success, the finale of the first act between Miss Dolaro, Miss Giudici and Mr. Ansell, always calls forth loud applause. Other well-known melodies are "The Sleeping Car," "Gonda, Charming little Gonda." "In the Park." "Counting Out" etc., etc. This popular musical comedy will also be shown tomorrow evening and on Saturday night "Shell Out" will be staged, a revue in six scenes and full of speciality numbers.

PALACE OF VARIETIES.

The new programme, which commences tonight at the Palace of Varieties (Gaiety Theatre), is a most attractive one and should draw crowded houses nightly. The talented artists of the Gaiety Revue Company under the able leadership of Mr. Charles Weatherley, are producing this week a most gorgeous and entertaining revue called "The Bang Girls on Tour". It is replete with catchy chorus songs, tuneful melodies, and wonderful scenic effects and should prove one of the greatest hits of the season. The chief features of the revue are two most realistic scenes depicting the sinking of the S. S. Priscilla in midocean and the rescue of the Bang Girls by a British submarine. It should be borne in mind that these are not cinematograph pictures. The Grand Naval Finale is another great feature of the revue. Thanks to the able pen of Mr. Weatherley, the revue contains a number of most humorous dialogues, and the songs and dances are equally fine. The revue is one of the serial revues which are to be produced at the Palace of Varieties, and nobody should miss seeing this week's most entertaining play.

THE TRAMWAY SERVICE.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Will you kindly be good enough to give publication to the following and oblige

Many people might have been pleased more or less by reading the report in local papers about the discussion that took place among the members of the Corporation in the meeting of the 1st instant re inconveniences felt by the Tram Car passengers. But the residents of Parel and those that have to go to Parel on service or business have not attained any pleasure thereby. Because the Corporators brought the subject to an end by a mere reference to it.

The greatest inconvenience is felt by those who have to go to and come from Parel. In the day seats in Parel trams can be had after some detention but trams from Parel and Dadar come so closely full between 4 and 8 p.m. that passengers do not get accommodation even after an hour's detention. Because trams from that side come at an interval of ¼ or ½ hour. Passengers from Parel, Lalbaug and Byculla cannot even get entrance therein. Sometimes I count 10, 20 or even 24 trams going to Parel or Dadar within half an hour which are almost empty whereas from Parel or Dadar only one tram can be seen in a quarter or half an hour; or 3 or 4 trams come together but all thickly full. After the passing away of such group of 3 or 4 trams together one can hardly see a next tram even after waiting for half an hour or more than that. Such long-felt inconvenience is to be put up with by the Parel passengers. While it rains, water gathers together and tram communication stops even for the whole day some times. This is an additional inconvenience for the Parel passengers, and it is being felt for some years past. But the authorities concerned have done nothing in the matter yet. The tram Company authorities and the Corporators have never considered the great hardships suffered by women and children at such a juncture. This is really a stain on the Municipal Management in a city like Bombay. Instead of lessening these hardships they are day by day increasing. Addition has taken place since the line commenced working till Dadar. Parel passengers are now unable to put up with these hardships. It would be better if the Tramway Company authorities take immediate steps to remove the hardships. The easiest way I think, would be to keep trams of short distance. Trams running from Pydhowni should run upto Dadar but those that run from Girgaum Road may run back either from Victoria Gardens or Lalbaug. This arrangement in my opinion will be suitable to passengers and if brought into force permanently the Tram authorities would really, earn satisfaction of having rendered convenience to Parel and Lalbaug passengers.—Yours, etc.

HORMUSJI NOWROJI KABRAJI

New Churni Road,
Girgaum, Oct. 6.

INDIAN TEMPERANCE ASSOCIATION.

The lecture on "The Greatest Foe of Mankind, and How to combat it," which was to have been given under the auspices of the Association on Saturday next, the 13th instant, by Khan Bahadur Dr. J. R. Daji, has been unavoidably postponed to a date to be notified hereafter.

HIGH COURT.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

SUCCESSION AMONG PARSIS.

MEANING OF "RELATIVE."

(*Before Justice Kajiji.*)

Bai Dinbai, widow of Sorabji Jamsedjee Pagdiwala .....Plaintiff

v/s

Pestonjee Ruttonji Itchaporia and others .....Defendants.

This was an originating summons taken out by the plaintiff for the construction of certain clauses of her husband's will by which he purported to make certain charitable bequests and whether the same were valid or void in law.

The facts of the case appear from his lordship's judgment.

Mr. Desai appeared for the plaintiff.

The Hon. Mr. T. J. Strangman appeared for the defendants.

His lordship's judgment was as follows:—The originating summons raises the question whether the bequests in favour of religious and charitable uses contained in clauses 4, 5 and 7 of the will of Sorabji Jamshedji Pagdiwala alias Gopia are not void and inoperative under sec. 105 of the Indian Succession Act. Sec. 105 of the Indian Succession Act runs as follows:—"No man having a nephew or niece or any nearer relative shall have power to bequeath any property to religious or charitable uses except by a will executed not less than 12 months before his death and deposited within six months from its execution in some place provided by law for the safe custody of the wills of living persons."

The testator died on 4th February, 1917. He left him surviving a widow, the plaintiff in this suit. The first and second defendants are the proving executors of the will and the Advocate-General is made a party defendant in this suit as representing charities.

WIDOW, NEARER RELATIVE OR NEPHEW?

The only point for determination in this suit is "Is the widow a nearer relative than a nephew or niece within the meaning of Sec. 105 of the Indian Succession Act?" Mr. Desai for the plaintiff contends that the bequest to charitable uses are void as a testator has left a widow surviving him. If within the meaning of this section, a widow is a nearer relative than a nephew or a niece, there is no doubt that the bequests are void as the will was made on the 9th January, 1917, and the testator died on 4th February, 1917.. Mr. Desai contends that the term "relative" has not the same meaning as kindred and it should not be limited to persons kin by blood only but it includes persons related by marriage also. Now the term "relative" is unfortunately not defined either in the Indian Succession Act or the Parsi Intestate Succession Act which are both Acts of 1865. But in the case of the Administrator General of Madras v/s Simpson (I. L. R. 26 Mad. 532) it has been held that the term "relative" in Sec. 105 of the Indian Succession Act refers to kindred only as set forth in the table of consanguinity annexed to Sec. 24 of the Act and has no application to any relationship by marriage. The parties in the Madras case were Christians, whilst in the present case they are Parsis, and Sec. 24 of the Indian Succession Act does not apply to Parsis (see Sec. 8 of the Parsi Intestate Succession Act).

TERM "RELATIVE."

Therefore it is necessary to consider whether the term "relative" in the Parsi Intestate Succession Act includes relations by marriage also or it must be limited to relations by blood only. Both "Webster" and "Murray" define "relative" as one who is connected with another by blood or affinity. The question, therefore, arises, is there any reason why the court should give such a narrow interpretation to the term and limit to it relation by blood only. I confess I see none. The learned Advocate-General for the defendants contends that in the Parsi Intestate Succession Act and persons set forth in the first schedule to that Act are the only persons who could be called relatives and in that schedule persons related by marriage do not find any place. But it is clear that this is not so, for in the first schedule relations on the father's side are set forth, for Sec. 6 "inter alia" provides "where neither the father nor the mother of the intestate survives him or her, the intestate's relatives on the father's side in the order specified in the first schedule hereto annexed shall take etc." Therefore it is clear that the first schedule to the Parsi Intestate Succession Act cannot be taken as an exhaustive list of persons included in the term "relatives."

But Strachey J., in Hirjibhoy Cursetjee Bhandupwala v/s Burjorjee Sorabji Ashburner (I. L. R. 22 Bom. 909) has held that in both sections 6 and 7 of the Parsi Intestate Succession Act the words "next of kin" and "relatives" are synonymous and are collective names for the persons mentioned in the first and second schedules respectively. I therefore hold that the term "relative" in Sec. 105 of I. S. Act in the case of Parsis does not refer to kindred only but includes relations by marriage also; therefore the question must be answered in the affirmative. The costs of all parties to this summons, those of the first and the second defendants, as between attorneys and client, will be paid out of the estate.

INDIAN WAR LOAN.

BOMBAY POST OFFICE SECTION.

		13-10-17		Up-to-date.
War Loan	Rs.	4,500	Rs.	4,03,550
War Bonds	"	22,575	"	15 22,675
Cash Certificates	"	8 137-8	"	22,09,444-8
Total	Rs.	35,212-8	Rs.	41,35,669-8

LATEST FIGURES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 10.

The applications to the War Loans received through the Post Office are as under. The figures for the Post Office section are for the period ended 23rd September.

Provinces.	Post Office Section. Rs.	Cash Certificates. Rs.	Total. Rs.
Bombay	93 75 950	2,07,14 766	3,00 90,616
Punjab	71,58,225	1,46,83,987	2,18,42,212
Central (including Centr India, Central Provinces and Rajputana)	51,98,375	1,40 19,246	1,92,17,621
United Provinces.	58,35 875	1,00 89,299	1,59,25 174
Bengal	43 22,600	65.31 840	1,09 54 440
Burma	19 59 875	61,83,864	81.43.739
Madras	23,07,650	27 65 945	50 69,595
Bihar and Orissa .	13 77,600	28,53,875	42,31,475
Assam ..	3,49,250	9,55,622	13,04,872

The Punjab and United Provinces cash certificate figures for the last week of the report are not yet received. The total figures are as follows:—

	Rs.
Main Section	38,36,36,100
Treasury bills received in England "	1,64,11,600
Post Office Section	3,78,85,300
Cash Certificates	7,87,94,444
Total	51,67,27,444

HOME RULE

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CHHOTALAL BHOGILAL PAREKH,
Umreth (Kaira).

174

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Sd.—M. B. B. S., F. R. C. S.

MADON SONS
CRAWFORD MARKET BOMBAY.

BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

MEDICAL REGISTRATION ACT.

MR. PATEL'S AMENDMENT BILL.

DEBATE ON MOTION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

POONA, Oct. 10.

At a meeting of the Bombay Legislative Council to-day, H. E. Lord Willingdon presiding, Hon. Mr. V. J. Patel introduced his Bill to amend the Bombay Medical Act of 1912, and an animated and prolonged debate followed. The discussion on the subject had not closed, when the Council rose for the day. During the six and half hours the house was in sessions with a forty-five minutes break in the middle, as many as twenty-two speakers spoke on the Bill many strongly in favour and others equally against the passing of the amendment. Mr. Patel's measure aims at securing an elective majority in the constitution of the Bombay Medical Council, at providing that persons trained in a Government Medical College or School holding a Government diploma or certificate shall be eligible to be members of the Medical Council and lastly at making the interpretation of the words "infamous conduct" in any professional respect occurring in sections 7 and 9 of the Medical Act clear and restrict its application. The debate principally centred round the last named object of the Bill and considerable opposition was evidenced on the subject. Dr. Fernandez, Sir Temulji Nariman, Dr. Rao, Col. Jennings and Surgeon-General Lyons and Messrs. Pratt, Seddon, Sethna and others strongly opposed the Bill while Messrs. Naik Garud, Harachandrai Vishandas, Godbole Desai, Kamat, Sheriff Devji Canji, Upsani, Paranjpye, Sathe and Parekh supported the Bill. The discussion will be resumed when the Council reassembles to-morrow.

After the interpellations, Mr. V. J. Patel, moved the first reading of the Bill to amend the Bombay Medical Registration Act of 1912. Mr. Patel in the course of his speech, said, "Your Excellency, the first object of the Bill is to secure an elective majority in the constitution of the Medical Council. The Punjab Medical Act provides for such a majority on the Medical Council of that province. After the last meeting of the Council, at which leave to introduce this Bill was given to me, the Government of the United Provinces have published in their Gazette dated 4th August 1917, the United Provinces Medical Act No. [illegible] majority to the Medical Council of those provinces. The Bombay Medical Council consists of 13 members, 7 nominated and 6 elected. In order to secure an elective majority it is proposed to reduce the number of nominated members from 7 to 5, and to increase the number of elected members from 6 to 8. It is further proposed in the Bill that these two additional seats should be filled by persons elected from among the members of the Faculty of Medicine by the Senate of the Bombay University. I know there is some difference of opinion on this point. That, however, is a matter which can be satisfactorily settled in the Select Committee. What the Council is really concerned with at this stage is the principle of elective majority. If Hon. members agree, and I hope they will, that there should be a substantial elective majority in the constitution of the Medical Council, I trust they will vote in favour of the first reading, and the method in which such a majority could be effectively secured may safely be left to be determined by the Select Committee. The second object of the Bill is to provide that persons trained in a Government medical college or school, holding a Government diploma or certificate that they are qualified to practise medicine, surgery or midwifery, or that they are qualified for the duties of a Military Assistant Surgeon, hospital assistant or a sub-assistant surgeon, shall be eligible to be members of the Medical Council. This provision is introduced in order to give effect to the recommendation of this Council on a resolution moved by my friend the Hon. Mr. Parekh at the March sessions of the Council.

"INFAMOUS CONDUCT."

I now come to the last and most important part of this Bill. It is in reference to the interpretation of the words "infamous conduct in any professional respect" occurring in Sections 7 and 9 of the Medical Act. I am glad to tell this Council that the United Provinces Medical Act above referred to has, while empowering the Medical Council under Section 26 (1) to prohibit the entry in, or order the removal from the register the name of any medical practitioner found guilty of "infamous conduct in any professional respect," provides in sub-clause (2) of the same section as follows:—"Nothing in subsection (1) shall be deemed to justify the exclusion or removal from the register of the name of any medical practitioner on ground of his adoption of a theory of medicine and surgery not in accordance with the accepted views for the time being, or of his association with a vaidya, hakim or homeopath or an unregistered practitioner." After reviewing the history of the question in the Bombay Presidency, Mr. Patel continued:—"My Lord, under Sections 7 and 9 of the Act disciplinary jurisdiction is conferred upon the Medical Council to deal with cases of "infamous conduct in any professional respect." The Act has made no attempt to define by any special clauses what would amount to professional misconduct and what would not. That being so, the Medical Council of Bombay has recently proposed to interpret the phrase to mean any association by a registered practitioner with any institution teaching Ayurvedic or Unani system of medicine.

CASE OF DR. POPAT.

I may allude at this stage to what has become public property, Dr. Popat's case. But before I do so, I may remind the Council, that the president in summing up the proceedings of the Council when the bill was read for the first time, in answer to the apprehensions of the members said that "the bill will not affect the vaids and hakims." Again at the second reading of the Bill, as amended by the Select Committee, the Hon. Mr. Lamb, who introduced the Bill on behalf of the Government, denied that the Bill excluded from the advantages of registration, doctors who practised Ayurvedic medicine."

BOYCOTT OF INDIGENOUS SYSTEMS.

After referring to Dr. Popat's case the mover proceeded, "It is impossible to understand my Lord how the Ayurvedic system can be modernised as Lord Hardinge said it should be, if Western practitioners are not allowed to associate with institutions wherein Eastern systems are taught. This step of the Council has roused a fear in the minds of the public that the construction attempted to be put on the provisions of the Act by the Executive Committee of the Medical Council will, no doubt, completely wipe off the Ayurvedic and Unani systems of medicine. By the construction proposed to be put on it ("infamous conduct in any professional respect") by the Bombay Medical Council, it has been made to mean that no doctor who has studied the Western system of medicine and got himself registered under the Act can impart to others the knowledge of any other system which he happens to know and which not only he but eminent doctors like Sir Pardey Lukis and others consider to be useful. The British Medical Act considers one, who by his presence countenance, advice, assistance or co-operation knowingly enables an unqualified or unregistered person, to attend, treat and perform an operation upon patients in respect of matters requiring professional discretion or skill, as if such person were duly qualified, to be guilty of infamous conduct. The Bombay Medical Council has taken the same ground, but I request your Excellency and the Hon. members of the Council to refer to what the Hon. Surgeon-General said on this matter, in his speech at the time of the second reading of the Bill. He says it was never pretended for one moment that the passage of the Bill was to protect the qualified medical practitioners from the Vaids and Hakims. What was said was that it was to protect the qualified medical practitioner from the unqualified men practising according to Western methods, the untrained compounders such as may be found it every bazar and so on. These are the men who are going about pretending that they are medical men.. Dr. Popat surely from what information has reached us does not by his presence, countenance, assistance, co-operation or advice, enable these unqualified and [illegible] ing western methods, to act as if they are fully qualified. He is simply giving scientific instruction in Ayurvedic system to students who attend a particular course of instruction in the Ayurvedic College for a specific period. These students pass several test examinations and then get a qualifying certificate. One cannot understand how this kind of work can be even for a moment taken as infamous conduct, when 90 per cent. of the population depend for their relief on the indigenous systems, and cannot get scientific medical help unless such institutions are worked. I think, your Excellency and the whole Council will agree with me when I say that taking into consideration the present situation as described by his Excellency Lord Hadringe, Dr. Popat is doing a laudable work such as Government should have begun long ago. Under the circumstances, it becomes the plain duty of this Council to explain clearly to the public and to the Medical Council which administers this Act that it would not be unprofessional conduct on the part of a medical practitioner to countenance in any way or encourage or to associate with any institutions where the Unani or the Ayurvedic systems are taught or practised, or with any persons practising either of those systems."

Before concluding, Mr. Patel said he had purposely refrained from drawing comparisons between the Western and Eastern systems of medicine, and trusted his Excellency as president of the Council would not allow any unpleasant comparisons to be made during the discussion.

H. E. the Governor said that he was much obliged to the Hon. Mr. Patel.

Dr. C. Fernandes said that he might be pardoned if he emphasised the high importance of preserving the status and the educational and professional standard of the Council. Whatever else may be the merits of the class of men that it was proposed to be admitted to the Medical Council, they were after all admittedly below the status that was required of the medical men by the various professional governing bodies throughout the world, and he thought it must be admitted there was sound reason in the contention that only those members of the profession who were qualified in the fullest degree, could be fitted to deal with all the delicate and complicated matters that come before the Council for consideration. Another point was that they were looking for reciprocity in matters of registration with the governing bodies of the profession in other countries and that would not be conceded while they admitted to their register men of inferior status who would not be admitted to the register of the United Kingdom, or accepted as members of the British Medical Association.

AN INCORRECT INTERPRETATION.

Continuing, Dr. Fernandes said that the last and the most important clause of the Bill would deprive the Council of its legitimate control over registered practitioners. It seemed to him that there was a great deal of misapprehension regarding the meaning of the phrase "infamous conduct." The word 'infamous', no doubt, had a very unpleasant interpretation in common parlance, but it was used in a special sense and had a limi[illegible] in this connection. Its ap[illegible] confined solely to the matter o[illegible] conduct. It did not impl[illegible] reflection, but merely a failure[illegible] to the rules of profe[illegible]sional [illegible] cognised by a legally constitut[illegible] sional governing body. In con[illegible] said that more encouragement w[illegible] for the use of indigenous drugs[illegible] medical practice and they m[illegible] follow the example of Madras [illegible] tute a chair in pharmacology at [illegible] Medical College, or elsewher[illegible] laboratory attached, where the[illegible] virtues of these drugs could b[illegible] ally tested and demonstrated. [illegible] of such investigation could be [illegible] able for medical men who [illegible] undergo the post-graduate co[illegible] branch of medicine. It must [illegible] ed that indigenous drugs w[illegible] value and many of them, [illegible] equalled in their efficacious pr[illegible] required to be scientifically i[illegible] although the system was ant[illegible] obsolete.

Mr. Naik supported the first [illegible] Mr. Patel's Bill.

Mr. Sethna and Dr. T. B. Nar[illegible] spoke.

SIR TEMULJI NARIMAN

Sir Temulji Nariman said:—I [illegible] stand that you make amendments [illegible] Act only to improve upon it, and [illegible] taking a retrograde course, as it is [illegible] ed by the Hon. mover of the Bill. [illegible] duly qualified native medical pr[illegible] was opposed to this Act, but I sup[illegible] the Government in the Legislative [illegible] at its passing as I said then, with [illegible] that in course of a few years, just [illegible] done in the British Medical Act, w[illegible] be able to so amend the Act as t[illegible] the tone and dignity of the native[illegible] cal profession, and have greater d[illegible] ary powers; but I never for a [illegible] dreamt, amendments of such ret[illegible] character will ever be countena[illegible] the Government. Mr. Patel spec[illegible] commission of all the acts whi[illegible] opinion shall not be deemed inf[illegible] duct in any professional respect[illegible] he encroaches on the rights o[illegible] tered Medical Practitioners, [illegible] better able to judge, what o[illegible] not to be deemed infamous [illegible] any lay members of the pu[illegible] code of honour or ethics and [illegible] us, or get themselves r[illegible] abide by the rules and re[illegible] ed by us, and the outsiders [illegible] to interfere. We do not f[illegible] join our ranks but once th[illegible] must respect our code of e[illegible] Our Indian leaders have b[illegible] for Western methods of [illegible] and Western Institutions, [illegible] suits their purpose they s[illegible] East and that India has [illegible] advanced in that respec[illegible] customs, the traditions, [illegible] the prejudices of the p[illegible] pected I believe there [illegible] apprehension, or misrepr[illegible]

He then went on to say that [illegible] Ayurvedic Schools had not the [illegible] preliminary culture to make a go[illegible] sician, and that the Vaidyas and [illegible] had to eke out their existence by [illegible] upon the credulity of the peopl[illegible] He did not deny, the exister[illegible] native drugs which might be [illegible] tive in some cases or had [illegible] effects in some diseases. He [illegible] made considerable use of ther[illegible] tice in appropriate cases; b[illegible] bringing those effective drug[illegible] testing them by the light o[illegible] ledge they started a school [illegible] system which really speaki[illegible] tem at all. This was simp[illegible] movement and did no credit[illegible] sion. He strongly opposed [illegible]

MR. SEDDON'S OPPOS[illegible]

Mr. C. S. Seddon said he [illegible] his remarks to the third [illegible] Bill. The Bill has been prop[illegible] the hands of the Medical Cou[illegible] to impair its power, and perha[illegible] it up altogether. He appea[illegible] members of the Council not to [illegible] by sentiment when considerin[illegible] to champion systems which w[illegible] indigenous. Neither of the t[illegible] systems, Ayurvedic or Unani, [illegible] indigenous. The Unani system [illegible] tined to die out, and any attem[illegible] port it was really hindering the [illegible] of the modern medical science [illegible] country.

MR. FRATT.

Mr. Pratt said the mover [illegible] wished to close the door on t[illegible] of the relative merits of the [illegible] Eastern systems of medicine [illegible] attention of the members to [illegible] ous effects of one indigenou[illegible] Ahmedabad, where plag[illegible] epidemic and people were [illegible] inoculated on account of th[illegible] indigenous system, which [illegible] preventive for plague the [illegible] pod of a bean on the perso[illegible]

Mr. Garud and Mr. [illegible] Vishandas spoke in support [illegible]

At this stage the Council [illegible] lunch.

DEWAN BAHADUR G[illegible]

Dewan Bahadur Godbole [illegible] the debate after lunch acco[illegible] support to the Bill. Out of [illegible] the Bill, it seemed two wer[illegible] opposed, but about the third [illegible] had been strong opposition [illegible] submit that some provision [illegible] gested by Mr. Patel in the [illegible] lutely necessary and he w[illegible] hypothetical case in support [illegible] tion. Nearly ninty per cent. [illegible] tion of this country resorted [illegible] Vaidyas. Supposing a man [illegible] called in a Hakim to treat [illegible] later on no improveme[illegible] Sir Temalji [illegible] Temalji do[illegible]

ry skin and bone of the e, and bottling for us real, shing meat which both the commerce and industry so ize. That the review, during as's incumbency, has under- any desirable improvements, hout saying. One has only to the earlier issues of the with the most recent ones to for himself the improvements The coloured chart system ial feature which is greatly to nded, seeing how helpful it the man in the street as a indergarten in trade. He to glance at these coloured a few minutes to compre- nce the progress of imports s; the share which the whole npire has; and what our luding the United States, have m that of other countries. He ly learn the proportion of the ade, with 100 as the index. find that that trade, as far as are concerned, is equal to 65.7 t. for the British Empire; and er cent. as far as exports go. is the whole crux of the foreign The share of the import and trade last year may be learnt tting them into juxtaposition in llowing table:—

	Imports.	Exports.
es	12.2	23.3
States	7.3	12.8
er Countries ...	14.8	13.4

er the charts also show at a glance verage of imports and exports for ve pre-war years, say, from 1909-10 3-14. The general reader will ll about it from the following

e 5 years 1909-10 to 1913-14.
Per Cent.

	Imports.	Exports.
npire	69.8	41.9
.....	7.1	23.8
es	3.1	7.5
ries	20	27

ting charts or the trade of Mr. Shirras are even ing in the information a nut-shell touching the principal articles of our xports. Thus:

xports 1916-17.

	Per cent.
manufactures	24.9
s	20.9
.....	15.0
.....	14.7
.....	19.2
.....	7.2
.....	7.1

Imports 1916-17.

	Per cent.
anufactures (cloth & yarn).	35.5
ticles	36.5
.....	10.3
el	5.9
.....	4.0
.....	3.0
.....	2.7
.....	2.1
	100.0

"other articles" com- Leaving these apart, teresting are the charts averages for the quinquen- preceding the war,—1909-10

Exports.

	Per cent.
.....	20.9
& Manufactures	19.3
n	15.2
skins	6.6
.....	5.9
.....	11.1

us be seen that foodgrains, ice and wheat, stand as our commodity of export; jute ires stand second, raw cotton l seeds, chiefly linseed, fourth. can count on his fingers the mmodities of Indias exports. with the chief commodities

orts Average, 5 years.

	Per cent.
factures, Cloth & Yarn.	35.8
.....	9.0
.....	7.5
.....	4.0
.....	2.6
.....	2.7
.....	2.2

, how in spite of the war vailing for the last three ire piece goods and yarn adily maintain supremacy, eanwhile the output igenous cotton factories h grey and coloured, has sed. The diminution in f this trade has only been therefore negligible. But the least doubt that the od will witness a big leap he grant refreshed on the ashire of which Indian facturers, let alone the ll do well to take a note The halcyon days of our their phenomenal profits and they would be at least half their profits for renewals and extension if they are to enter keenly into the competetive race in the near future. Sugar is bound to hold the second place in our imported commodities, and our regret is that under the present favourable conditions, next to nothing has been done to diminish the imports of this commodity. The comparative merits of these charts cannot be gainsaid. Even the tyro in foreign trade can learn a great deal by a study of them for half an hour. It is just this kind of education in Indian statistics with which Indian students of economics ought to make themselves familiar. Politics and economics go hand in hand. It will be a fatal error to neglect economics at the expense of politics which is no doubt essential. Both have their reflex influence on each other. Politics act on finance and economics and vice versa The authorities of the Sydenham College, who are so progressive and intent on training the rising generation of Indian youth at least in this Presidency, in economics, should stimulate this particular study so essential for the apprehension of the true bearings of India's foreign trade from year to year. Examination papers calling upon the young men to construct simple charts in which the Statistical Department shows the way as educator, would do a deal of good and stimulate the study in trades and industries. It is only when the concrete, on the kindergarten system, is hammered in the impressionable mind of the student that he will be able in his post-graduate career to be a really useful assistant to the merchant and the millowner and be also a valuable citizen if he pursues his researches theoretically. But this is a necessary digression. There are other more comprehensive and complex charts, say, five in number, prefacing Mr. Shirras's admirable and well arranged review of the trade, which will attract greater attention from the commercial community itself. These are: (1) A chart showing growth of the foreign seaborne trade of India in a decade; (2) a chart showing the same during half a century; (3) a chart shewing the *monthly* movement of the trade during the last three years of the war compared with that of the last prewar year, namely, 1913-14; and (4—5) a chart shewing the combined movements of imports and exports.

detail the rise and fall of imports and exports and the prices of the staple commodities we will not reiterate these. But a few words may be well said touching the *inland* trade on which, we are glad to notice, the Director-General is paying greater and greater attention. The inland trade, it should be remembered is larger in volume and value than the foreign. It must necessarily be so. Foreign trade, so far as exports is concerned, is the residue of the inland. What agricultural and commercial products remain on hand, after what is needed for domestic consumption, are in reality a country's exports. It may therefore be instructive to notice here this trade as treated in the review. The inland or interprovincial imports and exports during the year are recorded at 68 million tons valued at 1,014 crores as against 65 million tons valued at 896 crores in 1915-16. The imports into the ports from upcountry of wheat, linseed, grain and pulse, rape and mustard seed were greater than those of the preceding year, while the imports of raw cotton, raw jute, rice and tea declined. Mr. Shirras refers to the steady expansion of the exports of manufactured tobacco *other than cigars* from the Behar block. The exports amounted to 17.38 lakh lbs. in 1907-08. Those increased to 1.02 crore lbs. in 1913-14. But in the year under review the exports were 1.063 crore lbs. which was a most satisfactory and record figure. It seems that the Monghyr tobacco factory, which began business 8 years ago, had an output in 1916-17 of 2,400 million cigarettes and 126,000 lbs. of smoking tobacco. Swadeshi economists should take a note of this particularly rising industry, despite the monopolists of the Imperial Tobacco Co. In connexion with treasure it may be interesting to note that £6.091 millions of gold came from Natal of which 6.054 was in bar. But the whole of it was warehoused and earmarked on behalf of the Bank of England! The screaming goldites must scream aloud more and more at this phenomenon. Here is solid gold amounting to 9 crore of rupees at their very doors and yet not an ounce of it could be withdrawn to rejoice their hearts. The jealous Bank of England would sweep it all into its golden vaults! How tantalising it is. Just think, reader, what the 9 crores of gold would have meant for India! Madras alone might have absorbed it all for *streedham* leaving the Bank of England in the lurch! But who can thwart the proud old lady of Threadneedle Street or come between the Cabinet and her. Gold from all parts of the British Empire must be secured safe in the vaults of the great Bank which has been such a tower of strength to England and her allies in this terrible war. All pre-war maxims touching gold have gone to the melting pot. So let the Goldites wipe their tear and possess their souls in patience till a new epoch in gold is ushered after the war.

Notes of the Day.

Hoarding in Germany.

The financial condition of Germany is reflected in the growing shortage of small coins. The extent of this shortage appears from the fact that the Leipzig municipality has now issued one million notes for ten pfennig (1¼d.). The shortage is the more surprising in view of the enormous output of coinage during the war. Upto March 1917, there had been placed on the market 55 million one-mark pieces, 38 million 50-pffennig pieces, over 100 million iron ten-pfennig pieces, and over 125 million iron pfennig pieces. Since March the mints have been very busy and, besides their output, the public have been furnished with £260,000,000 of Loan Bank notes and a yet greater mass of Imperial Bank notes,—without in any way checking the growing shortage of small change. Various plausible reasons, have been put forth, officially and semi-officially. The main cause, however, is indicated in the admission of the "Frankfurter Zeitung" that "it is possible that hard cash has been retained not merely for the sake of hoarding, but in order that the owners should be armed for every emergency." That hoarding is the real cause of shortage, is also demonstrated by the threat of the Government, directed against the hoarders, to demonetise silver and nickel money.

To be Armed for Every Emergency.

Apart from that however, the fact that the German people are hoarding token coins like silver and nickel so as to "be armed for every emergency," tends to [illegible] in the soundness of the financial fabric of their Government. It is only natural that instead of pinning their faith to the German paper money which would not be worth the paper it is printed on should the financial fabric collapse, they prefer the silver and base metal which in spite of depreciation would at least have some intrinsic value. The wealthier Germans have been reported to be investing their money in precious stones and old masters and other moveable property. The humble folk are hoarding their silver and nickel coins. The motive in each case is the same. It is to guard against the impending possibility of defeat and ruin.

Women Workers.

The latest returns of workers in British munition factories, as cabled by Reuter, show that in July there were seven hundred thousand women munition workers in Great Britain compared with 140,000 in July 1915, an increase of four hundred per cent. The number of men munition workers on the other hand, is stated to have increased, during the same period, by sixty-six per cent. The comparative smallness of the latter percentage is understandable. Most of the men workers, except those absolutely indispensable, have been drafted on to the front. The stupendous increase in the number of women workers is however noteworthy in many ways. It is a proof of the invaluable part which British women have played in the war. The triumph of woman suffrage which the Representation of the People Act embodies has, of course, been mainly due to the self-sacrificing devotion, of women munition workers Most of these workers are young women. It is ironical therefore that it is just these workers, who have so splendidly vindicated the cause of womanhood, who have been deprived of the fruit of their victory.

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL.

Mr. C. Gilbert has arrived at Government House on Tuesday.

The Nawab of Sachin lunched at Government House on Tuesday.

The Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab left Simla yesterday and the Naval Commander-in-Chief arrived at Simla.

Mr. C. E. Napier, Bar-at-Law acts as additional Judge Madras High Court till the end of December.

VIGOROUS ANGLO-FRENCH PUSH IN FLANDERS.

UNPRECEDENTED ENEMY DEAD.

FIRM ITALIAN STAND ON BAINSIZZA.

BRITISH OFFENSIVE IN FLANDERS.

FROM BROODSEINDE TO SAINTJENSBEEK.

ALL OBJECTIVES GAINED.

1,000 PRISONERS TAKEN.

LONDON, Oct. 9.
Recd. 2-25 p.m., Oct. 10.

Field-Marshal Haig's communiqué to-night says:—

Continuous heavy rain yesterday afternoon and evening made the ground sodden and very difficult for the passage of troops. Notwithstanding the stormy weather and waterlogged ground we launched an attack in conjunction with the French with very successful results. The attack extended from the south-east of Broodseinde to Saint Jansbeek, a mile north-eastward of Bixschoote.

The Australians on the extreme right advanced over the crest of a ridge eastward and north-eastward of Broodseinde and secured all their objectives. The third line Territorial Division in the right centre comprising the Manchester, East Lancashire and Lancashire Fusilier regiments advanced a mile northwards along the ridge towards Paschendaele capturing all their objectives under the most trying and most difficult circumstances with great determination and gallantry. Considerable advance made in the centre between the main ridge and Poelcapelle includes the capture of many fortified farms and concreted redoubts. We completed in the left centre the capture of Poelcapelle.

The English, Welsh, Irish and Guards on the extreme left of the British attack have taken all their objectives and gained the outskirts of the forest of Houthoulst two miles north-north-west of Poelcapelle. The French on our left flank crossed Proonbeck which was in flood and also gained the outskirts of the forest of Houthoulst, capturing all their objectives, including several hamlets and many fortified localities.

Upwards of a thousand prinsoners have already been counted. Much aerial reconnaissance and some artillery work were carried out. On Monday two enemy machines were driven down and the ground targets machine-gunned. Two of our aeroplanes are missing.

ATTACK ALONG FLANDERS RIDGES.

DETAILS OF ADVANCE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Oct. 9.
Recd. 1-30 p.m., Oct. 10.

Reuter's correspondent at Headquarters wires:—At dawn the British and the Australians again attacked along the Flanders ridges and pushed the enemy back to a depth in some places of two-thirds of a mile. The battle extended more to northward than in the three previous operations since September 20th, the French taking up the fight on the left.

BAD WEATHER.

The weather was about as bad as possible yesterday evening; a gale was blowing and it was raining in torrents but the clouds broke at midnight and stars shone in the small hours quite clearly enabling the troops to be brought into starting positions under more favourable conditions. The ground was very bad and the going extremely difficult. It is hardly likely that the Germans anticipated that we should endeavour to advance in such conditions.

THE ADVANCE.

Our troops found the Huns holding the front much more heavily than in any previous battle of this series. This suggests a return to the earls defensive tactics of depending upon man-power rather than concrete. The rifle fire was not so heavy as usual doubtless because weapons were largely clogged with mud. Bayonet and bomb were the principle weapons in close fighting. The walking wounded returning are bleached and caked to the eye-brows with wet and muck. Nevertheless they are wonderfully cheerful.

Early reports, though necessaily scrappy and brief, are most satisfactory. The advance, though slow owing to the badness of the ground and the poorness of light seems to have been general. Here and there points of strong resistance were encountered. The Daisy Wood was found full of German machine guns. These were dealt with by tactics which are believed to have been quite successful.

SITUATION CLEARED UP.

Stiff fighting occurred near Reutel but apparently it has gone in our favour. There was hot struggle in and about the Poelderkeek Chateau, which was strongly defended by machine guns. The news is not definite but it is believed that the situation here has been cleared up. Anothe centre of strong resistance is a brewery in the eastern outskirts of Poelcapelle.

Prisoners are coming in freely and hundreds have already been caged.

Our flying men are doing splendidly, chasing the enemy aeroplanes whenever seen. At seven this morning one of our formations over the German lines hotly engaged six Hun machines at a height of 10,000 feet.

A GERMAN ATTACK.

At the moment of closing this despatch I hear that the Germans are counter-attacking heavily astride the Ypres-Roulers railway but our people seem to be quite content with the situation here.

RUGGED GERMAN RETALIATORY BARRAGE.

The German retaliatory barrage has been ragged and not very strong as a whole although certain groups of guns have been shooting fercely at local spots. It is already pretty clear that this will be another fine day for our arms and those of our Allies who are understood to be progressing magnificently and sending back hundreds of prisoners.

FRENCH ATTACK NEAR HOUTHOULST.

IN CONJUNCTION WITH BRITISH.

ARTILLERY ACTIVITY ON AISNE FRONT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Oct. 9.
Recd. 7-15 a.m., Oct. 10.

This afternoon's French communiqué says:—In Belgium in conjunction with the British we attacked at 8-30 in the morning the German positions south of the forest of Houthoulst between Draibank and Weindendreft. The fighting continues and is developing in our favour.

On the Aisne front there has been marked artillery activity notably in the region of Pantheon and on the right of the Meuse artillery struggle has occurred in the secter north of Boislechaume.

FIGHTING ON FRENCH FRONT IN FLANDERS.

GERMANS WITHDRAWING FROM HOUTHHOLST FARM,

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Oct. 9.
Recd. 1-45 p.m., Oct. 10.

Reuter's special correspondent of the French front in Flanders wires that the French are within a thousand yards of the Houthoulst forest from which the Germans are withdrawing their heaviest guns.

BRILLIANT FRENCH ATTACK.

A NUMBER OF VILLAGES CARRIED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Oct. 10.
Recd. 2-25 p.m., Oct. 10.

Last night's French communiqué said:—Our attack launched this morning developed brilliantly. The troops, after crossing the marshy brook Proonbeck, carried with admirable dash on a front of 2,500 metres the enemy's defences despite difficulties of ground and bad weather.

We captured the villages of Saintjean, Mangelaare and Veldhoek and numerous farms organised as blockhouses. The advance, which has an average depth of two kilometres, brought us to the southern fringe of Houthoulst Wood.

The air service despite the gale co-operated actively in the attack, machinegunning from a low altitude the enemy infantry and maintaining touch with other arms. The number of prisoners hitherto counted is 300, of which twelve are officers. There has been artillery activity on the Aisne front.

FRENCH DASH.

ADVANCE THROUGH RAIN-SODDON MORASS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Oct. 9.
Recd. 3-5 p.m., Oct. 10.

Reuter's special correspondent with the French in Flanders says that the French under General Anthoine attacked at five in the morning in the direction of Mangelaare and the Forest of Houthoulst.

Crossing the marshy Steinbeck, they ploughed their way determinedly through the rain-sodden morass, driving out the Germans as they advanced. They reached the first line of their objectives in a little over two hours and by eight had taken Gambetta Farm, south of Mangelaare, and on the extreme left the village of Draibank. Three hundred prisoners, two guns and four machine-guns were captured in the first hour's attack.

By eleven Mangelaare had been captured and passed and the French are now within a thousand yards of Houthoulst Forest both on the right, where they are advancing in touch with the British and on the left where they are advancing along Corverbeck.

UNCOMFORTABLE POSITION OF BOCHES.

The position of the Germans in the forest must already be most uncomfortable. The forest lies low and after three days' downpour the dug-outs must be flooded. The British from the positions they already held last night overlook in the rear of the forest the roads from the east and the French are closing in on the west, while an enormous number of guns is in a position to bear on it.

This vast tangle of trees, wires and dug-outs is two and three-quarter miles from

(Continued on Page 8.)

FLANDERS FIGHTING.

INTERESTING TACTICAL DEVELOPMENT.

UNPRECEDENTED ENEMY DEAD.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Oct. 10.
Recd. 8-20 p.m., Oct. 10.

The tactical development of Flanders fighting is very interesting. The struggle shifted yesterday from the south to the north in movement apparently directed to envelop Houthulst forest and thus remove the menace to the northern face of the salient which Field-Marshal Haig is pushing out towards Roulers. It was the threat from Houthulst to Sir Donglas Haig's left flank in October 1914 that caused Field-Marshal Haig then to retreat to the line of Langemarck-Zonneboke. The tables are now turned and the Germans recognise the momentous nature of issues.

The "Leipziger Neueste Nachichten" says if the British break through the whole western front would give way and French attacks on Verdun front might have incalculable consequences. Experts in London point out that to break through is not necessarily part of the Allies' immediate plans as more fruitful results might accrue from the continuance of the present policy of swift succession of blows on the same front, each driving the salient wider and deeper into German lines.

A GREAT READJUSTMENT OF BATTLE FRONT.

From accounts received from various correspondents yesterday's attack was really a great readjustment of the battle front. There were two advances simultaneously accomplished with a fragment of stationary line between. The larger operation was on the left with the village of Poelcapelle as centre, while on the right the somewhat erratic line was strengthened. The objective at the deepest point did not exceed an advance of two thousand yards and generally speaking, it was from twelve to fifteen hundred yards. Everything aimed at was secured, and conditions of extraordinary difficulty and discouragement seemed to make no difference. The blow was struck as surely as previous blows though some troops marched twelve hours before going into the battle. They then fought like lions.

A remarkable feature was the admirable contact maintained throughout by the British and French troops. The latter had an extraordinarily difficult task, operating in a practically continuous march. The Germans at many points reverted to the use of machine-guns in trees evidently mistrusting pillboxes, but the British machine-guns multiplied as those of the enemy were silenced and British supporting guns of all calibres moved steadily forward maintaining an uninterrupted fire. The mud of the battlefield was everywhere studded with German victims of the last battle. Never before have the British encountered so many enemy dead, telling the story of a headlong flight.

AMAZING NARRATIVE OF ENDURANCE.

FLOUNDERING ACROSS 1,200 YARDS OF SHELL-SWEPT WASTE.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Oct. 9.
Recd. 3-5 p.m., Oct. 10.

Reuter's correspondent at Headquarters wiring this afternoon says:—To-day's splendid victory is an amazing narrative of endurance and dogged achievement. The men had to fight their way floundering and struggling across over 1200 yards of ground, which was a waste of shell-holes, often so close that there was not a foothold between them, brimful of water with the ooze knee-deep underneath, the whole incessantly swept by high explosive shells, shrapnel and machine-gun fire. Yet they gained practically the whole of the day's objectives, the exceptions being so trifling that the clearing up will be only a matter of time.

The Germans were surprised, deeming the attack in such weather over such terrain impossible. Moreover, the two divisions, which had to bear the brunt of the attack, had taken over the line only at three in the morning. They were unfamiliar with their surroundings and dog-tired with the long march.

GERMAN COMMUNIQUE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Oct. 9.
Recd. 7-55 p.m., Oct. 10.

A German wireless communiqué says fresh battle in Flanders has developed and continues between Draaibank and Gheluvelt. Gain in territory in spite of repeated assaults is limited to the stretch between Draaibank and Poelkapelle.

FIRM ITALIAN STAND

ENEMY ATTACK ON COSTABELLA MASSIF REPULSED.

100 PRISONERS TAKEN ON BAINSIZZA PLATEAU.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Oct. 9.
Recd. 7-15 a.m., Oct. 10.

A Italian official communiqué says:—After intense bombardment the enemy renewed his attacks on the Costabella Massif. Our artillery compelled him to withdraw. We took a hundred prisoners in the local engagements on the Bainsizza.

ITALIAN SUBMARINE FIRED.

AMERICA EXPRESSES REGRET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.
Recd. 11-10 p.m., Oct. 10.

Mr. Daniels announces that the American patrol boat during the night fired on an Italian submarine which failed to answer signals, killing one officer and a man. Mr. Daniels has expressed regret for the unfortunate occurrence.

DR. WILSON'S DECISION.

TALK OF PREMATURE PEACE CONDEMNED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Oct. 9.
Recd. 11-10 p.m., Oct. 10.

President Wilson addressing the new League of National Unity said that the talk of premature peace was subversive of nations in arms. Hostilities could only be terminated when Germany was defeated and her autocracy superseded by democracy.

AMERICA'S FIGHTING NUCLEUS.

TO AGGREGATE MORE THAN 1,300,000 BEFORE LONG.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
HARRISBURG, Oct. 9.
Recd. 2-25 p.m., Oct. 10.

Mr. Baker, Secretary of War, in a speech here said that before long America's fighting nucleus would aggregate more than 1,300,000 men. The nation had diverted its industries for war purposes so effectively that when the United States army took its place abroad it would be armed as well as any and better than most.

U. S. TORPEDO BOAT DESTROYERS.

350 MILLION DOLLARS TO BE SPENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.
Recd. 7-15 a.m., Oct. 10.

The Administration is arranging to spend 350 million dollars on the building of torpedo-boat destroyers to be ready within eighteen months.

SENSATIONAL STATEMENT IN REICHSTAG.

INTRODUCTION OF REVOLUTIONARY IDEAS IN GERMAN NAVY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
COPENHAGEN. Oct. 10.
Recd. 1 a.m., Oct. 11.

A sensational statement was made by Von Capelle in the Reichstag disclosing a plan to introduce Russian revolutionary ideas into the German navy. Von Capelle asserted that independent Socialist members of the Reichstag in the course of a conference held actually in the Reichstag building approved the scheme by which representatives should be selected on board all ships who would persuade the men to disobey orders and so paralyse the fleet and force conclusion of peace. Von Capelle said "I am unable to make a statement as to subsequent events in the navy. The few persons who forgot their honour and duty suffered deserved penalty."

SWISS COURT-MARTIAL.

SENTENCES ON SIX MEN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
ROME, Oct. 9.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Oct. 10.

The court-martial has concluded on six men charged with causing incendiary fires in Genoa, explosion of a munitions factory in 1916 and with having relations with the enemy. Three have been sentenced to be shot, two to penal servitude for life and one to twenty years' solitary confinement.

ARREST OF MADAME TURMEL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, Oct. 9.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Oct. 10.

Madame Turmel has been arrested.

FLOODS IN NORTH CHINA.

SERIOUS RESULTS FEARED.

TIENTSIN LIKELY TO BE ICE-BOUND.

REMOVAL OF CAPITAL FROM PEKING MAY BE NECESSARY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
SHANGHAI, Oct. 9.
Recd. 7-15 a.m., Oct. 10.

There have been enormous floods in North China and a thickly populated area of twenty-thousand square miles has become an immense deep lake. There is likelihood of Tientsin's becoming ice-bound and uninhabitable and of the necessity of removal of capital from Peking owing to the instability of communications.

TREMENDOUS FLOODS IN CHINA.

PROBABILITY OF TIENSTIN FLOODING YEARLY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
SHANGHAI, Oct. 9.
Recd. 11-10 p.m., Oct. 10.

Floods have converted streams into rivers two miles wide and forty feet deep. The Peking-Hangkow railway has been breached in six hundred places. Floods have broken down the banks of the Grand Canal and flooded Tientsin concessions and burst the banks of the Yellow River. They extend three hundred miles from the south-western borders of Shantung towards Tientsin and are bounded by Peking-Kaifeng and Tientsin-Tsinadfu railways.

The water will take months to drain off and there is a probability of Tientsin flooding annually in consequence of the flow of water which has been established.

PORTUGAL AND SPAIN.

PRESIDENT MEETS KING ALFONSO.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
MADRID, Oct. 9.
Recd. 2-25 p.m., Oct. 10.

The Portuguese President accompanied by the Premier and Minister for Foreign Affairs arrived at San Sebastian to-day, where he was met by King Alfonso with the Spanish Minister for Foreign Affairs. King Alfonso and the President had a long interview.

PORTUGUESE PRESIDENT.

GOES TO FRANCE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
SAN SEBASTIAN, Oct. 9.
Recd. 11-10 p.m., Oct. 10.

The Portuguese President has gone to France.

SULTAN OF EGYPT.

DEATH ANNOUNCED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON Oct. 10.
Recd. 7-55 p.m., Oct. 10.

The death of the Sultan of Egypt is announced.

London papers state that Prince Ahmed Fuad will succeed him.

SULTAN OF EGYPT DYING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, Oct. 9.
Recd. 7-15 a.m., Oct. 10.

It is reported that the Sultan of Egypt is dying.

WAR AND CALLOUSNESS.

"DAILY NEWS" ON FATE OF WAR-PRISONERS.

NEED OF EXCHANGE URGED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Oct. 9.
Recd. 7-15 a.m., Oct. 10.

A leading article in the "Daily News" refers to the callousness which is the inevitable result of the war and says:—The fatalistic acceptance of misery, suffering and death is a thing to be resisted at all costs. Especially must it be remembered that the case of a prisoner of war is not to-day a pitiful to-day. It is possible to believe that the best is being done privately and officially for the prisoners in Germany but what of the others? The paper proceeds to dwell on the wretched lot of prisoners in the hands of the Turks and urges the British Government to take steps to effect their exchange without delay.

ARGENTINE FOREIGN MINISTER DEFINES ATTITUDE

LUXBURG STILL HIDING IN THE COUNTRY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
BUENOS AIRES, Oct. 9.
Recd. 2-25 p.m., Oct. 10.

Mr. Pueyrredon, Minister for Foreign Affairs, stated in an interview regarding Argentine's attitude, that Government would not hesitate to sever relations with Germany if any act was committed which interfered with the principles of international law.

It appears that Luxburg has not sailed, but temporarily withdrawn to an unnamed place in the interior, as he is unable to embark without safe conduct and his presence in Buenos Aires is dangerously exciting the population. Neighbouring Governments have objected to his crossing the frontier.

ARGENTINE RAILWAY STRIKE.

NO PROSPECT OF SETTLEMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
BUENOS AIRES, Oct. 9.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Oct. 10.

There is no prospect of settlement of the railway strike. The strikers are attacking the men repairing the railroad.

STRIKE OF CANADIAN LONGSHOREMEN.

SETTLED ON GOVERNMENT INTERVENTION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
OTTAWA, Oct. 9.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Oct. 10.

The strike of the longshoremen at Fort William has been settled on the intervention of Government and grain will now move rapidly from the head of the lake navigation to the seaboard.

NEW RUSSIAN CABINET.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 9.
Recd. 2-25 p.m., Oct. 10.

The new Cabinet includes M. Nikitin, Minister of the Interior, and Posts and Telegraphs; M. Avksentieff, Agriculture; M. Govozdev, Labour and M. Bernatzky Finance.

PETROGRAD RAILWAY STRIKERS.

GOVERNMENT'S CONCESSIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PETROGRAD, Oct. 9.
Recd. 7-55 p.m., Oct. 10.

The Government has decided to grant an increase in wages demanded by railway strikers necessitating an annual expenditure of seven hundred and fifty million roubles. The Government will also provide special supplies for railwaymen who will receive food before other supplies are distributed.

DISSOLUTION OF COUNCIL OF FIVE.

SPECIAL RUSSIAN MISSION TO PARIS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PETROGRAD, Oct. 10.
Recd. 7-55 p.m., Oct. 10.

The formation of a new cabinet has entailed the dissolution of the Council of five created to deal with the Korniloff trouble.

M. Kerensky, Premier, M. Verkhovsky, Minister of War, Admiral Vederevsky, Minister of Marine, and M. Terestchenko have gone to the Headquarters to confer with Allied attaches and a special mission is going to Paris to attend an inter-Allied conference.

JAPANESE LOAN TO RUSSIA

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
NEW YORK, Oct. 9.
Recd. 2-25 p.m., Oct. 10.

Japanese officials have been informed that Japan has made to Russia a loan of sixty-six and a half million yen at six per cent.

MRS. BESANT IN BOMBAY.

ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION.

TRIUMPHAL PROCESSION THROUGH CITY.

REMARKABLE SCENES OF OVATION.

(By our Special Correspondent.)

People who are old enough to remember receptions of other days believe that the public reception accorded to-day to Mrs. Besant, and Messrs. Wadia and Arundale, was for its success and enthusiasm the most unprecedented in the civic history of Bombay. The thousands of people who participated in this afternoon's procession will readily recognise that the proud capital of the Western Presidency, this *urbs prima in Indis* of ours, has responded right royally to the great call of duty, and succeeded in organising notwithstanding the shortness of time, a most splendid welcome. How far this is due to the friendly rivalry and hearty co-operation of the different classes and communities will fully evidenced by the magnibcent display and unparalleled enthusiasm which greeted the grand procession at every stage and at every turn. Details of the order of the procession and the multitudinous offerings to Mrs. Besant will be found elsewhere. As for the splendour of the reception, it was simply unequalled for the sincerity, love, devotion with which the people welcomed their great leader for the first time after nearly 16 months. I have witnessed processions and receptions before and well may it be said of to-day's reception that it was beyond doubt the *primus inter pares*.

AT THE RAILWAY STATION.

Long before the arrival of the train, thousands of people had occupied every available inch of space in their enthusiasm and eagerness to do reverent, if silent, homage to the leader who has succeeded in a remarkably short time in imparting new vigour and a fresh life to their public and political activities, and their spiritual standards. As the train approached the platform, cheers went forth from all sides and a general movement succeeded among the already restless mass of people which made it very difficult even for those close enough to approach the compartment which Mrs. Besant, Mr. Tilak and Messrs. Arundale and Wadia occupied. So thick, indeed, was the crowd that it took a considerably long time to garland Mrs. Besant and party and get them on to the cars. After the introductions were over, Mrs. Besant was met by a thouroughly representative deputation of ladies and she was accorded a very hearty welcome on behalf of the women of Bombay. The procession gradually began to move,—it was indeed slow work to get the move at first. It was of course even more slow work thereafter and it took exactly an hour and a half to reach China Baug. That was only a small part of the whole function—the innumerable offerings of garlands and bouquets, and *pan* and *attar* and the gayest of gay decorations which met the gaze of the spectator. It was a veritable sea of human heads, covering the whole of the long distance. As the procession slowly wended its way, the crowds began to increase rather than decrease and long before the arrival of the procession. China Baug had been invaded by hundreds and thousands of eager people anxiously awaiting to pay their dutiful homage to Mrs. Besant and Mr. Tilak. It must be said to the credit of the largeness of heart of the proprietors of the China Baug that the public of Bombay feel themselves quite at home on its spacious grounds.

WELCOME BY LADIES.

Among the many receptions that were held *en route*, especial mention should be made of the one by Mr. Narainbas Nagindas, after passing the Bhuleshwar square. Here Mrs. Nagindas greeted Mrs Besant in the orthodox Hindu style and in the orthodox style adorned her forehead with the red paste, so sacred to Hindu ladies of all classes. Another reception of equally great interest was that of the Gujarati Shree Mandal near the Chandatanji Girls High School, where a number of Gujarati ladies welcomed her on behalf of the Mandal. On arrival at China Baug, Mrs. Besant and party were conducted to the drawing room where a small reception was held. Several Hindus and Parsee ladies and gentlemen were present. Outside there was an endless throng of anxious people and on Mrs. Besant coming out on the balcony cheers went up over and over again. Mrs. Besant and Mr. Tilak were the idols of the crowd below, of the crowd outside and of the crowd along the whole route. In this vast concourse of people, Mahomedans too were conspicuous. On the approach to the Jumma Masjid the procession was greeted with "Do not Forget the Interned Muslim Leaders," and every true Indian heart must have at once gone back in memory to Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali.

After the reception was over, Mrs. Besant proceeded to "Shanti Bhuwan," Seth Narottam's residence in Pedder Road, where she will remain during her stay. To-day it being already a late hour and the party naturally tired after the long railway journey, there was no lecture or other public function, except the dramatic performance in aid of the Surat Orphanage.

It must be mentioned as a proof of the great love and esteem in which the Indian Mercantile community hold Mrs. Besant that all the three principal cloth markets the Moolji Jetha, Morarji and Lakhmidas markets were closed for the whole day and so were the Cotton market and the Marwadi Bazar. Mrs. Besant was garlanded at the Moolji Jetha Market, the Diamond and Silver Merchants' Associations, the Jhaveri Bazar, the Marwadi Bazar and the Shawl merchants, many of whom are Punjabis. The Silver Merchants' Association presented to Mrs. Besant a sum of money to be used at her discretion.

Another item of great public interest is

MRS. BESANT IN BOMBAY.

Photo by Jayakar's Photo Studio.

A Quiet Group Taken Yesterday at China Baug.

the splendid manner in which the huge throng of people was controlled practically without any assistance from the Police. It is only after crossing the Bhuleshwar square that half a dozen or so of police were noticed among this huge crowd. Order was well maintained throughout and the procession went off without a hitch and without any untoward incident. The assistance rendered by the volunteers of the Progressive Volunteer Corps, the Home Rule, the Bhatia, the Lohana and the Kapad Bazar Volunteer Corps numbering from four to five hundred was excellent and they all bore their part well. It was a trying task to keep the throng off the cars and they succeeded in managing it well.

Long after Mrs. Besant and party left China Baug, large numbers of people remained gathered on its grounds and went on cheering the names of Mrs. Besant and Mr. Tilak and attracted to the grounds fresh batches of people by their undiminished enthusiasm. It must be mentioned too that the children of some of the Municipal schools lying along the route of the procession witnessed and lustily cheered from above the distinguished leaders.

SCENE AT THE STATION.

Mrs Annie Besant, accompanied by Messrs. Arundale and Wadia arrived in Bombay yesterday from Allahabad, and was accorded a most enthusiastic welcome. Her arrival at the Victoria Terminus and drive in procession through the town were marked by scenes of the utmost enthusiasm. She was expected to arrive at the Victoria Terminus at 3 o'clock in the afternoon but full two hours before that people were seen going to the station in their hundreds and when the train steamed into the station at the appointed time, the platform and the eastern compound of the Victoria Terminus were crowded by thousands of people. The crowds broke out into loud and prolonged cheering on the arrival of the train and so great was the eagerness of the people to have a view of Mrs. Besant, that they made a rush towards her carriage and though the volunteers under their leader Mr. R. G Munsiff, promptly drew a cordon in front of her carriage she could not alight for some time. Her appearance on the platform was the signal for a yet greater outburst of cheering and applause. She was welcomed on the platform by Mr. B. G. Tilak, Mr. S. R. Bomanji, Mr. B. G. Horniman, Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, Mr. Lakhmidas R. Tairsee, Mr. Oomer Sobhani and others and was conducted to the motor car which was waiting to take her to China Baug. The people continued cheering and Mrs. Besant had to bow constantly in acknowledgment. A procession of motor cars was then formed. Seated in the car with Mrs. Besant were Messrs. Arundale, Wadia, S. R. Bomanji and Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas. Her car was preceded by a pilot car in which were seated Mr. R. G. Munsiff, captain of the volunteers, Mr. Lakhmidas R. Tairsee and others. Mrs. Besant's car was followed by cars containing Mr. B. G. Tilak, Mr. Oomer Sobhani, Mr. B. G. Horniman, Mr. Syud Hossain, Mr. C. S. Pandya, Mr. Ratansi Dharamsey and others. On the platform Mrs. Besant was garlanded by Mr. Chhaganlal P. Nanavati, of the Bombay Humanitarian Fund.

THE PROCESSION DESCRIBED

The procession then started from the Victoria Terminus, its destination being China Baug the residence of Mr. Ruttonsey Dharamsey at Girgaum, and passed along Crawford Market, Mangaldas Market, Moolji Jetha Market, Jhaveri Bazar, and C. P. Tank. The whole route was profusely decorated with bunting and signs of welcome. It was one mass of humanity; a vast scene of humanity all along. The crowd though immense, was withal, good-natured and, with the exception of some places, the Police were conspicuous by their absence, there was scarcely a single accident to the eager and enthusiastic spectators. Great credit is due in this instance not only to the hearty co-operation of the public themselves, but also to the different volunteers, who patiently undertook and successfully performed a not very easy task of controlling the huge crowd *en route*. The Bhatia volunteers, Islam volunteers, the Home Rule volunteers, and many others contributed their quota to the citizen police yesterday.

THE ROUTE

The route chosen for the procession was the busiest thoroughfares in the city, and it is easy to imagine what a vast concourse gathered yesterday to greet the distinguished visitors. All Indian places of business such, for instance, as the Cotton Merchants' Association, Marwadi Bazar, Mangaldas Market, etc. were entirely closed and the day was observed as a gala day. The decorations were splendid, and costly and were of various kinds. In the Cloth Market costly garments were hung; in the Shawl Merchants street valuable shawls and brocades were seen hanging, the Silverware merchants not to be outdone had bunting and arches made of their wares and the sweetmeat merchants brocade sellers etc. vied with one another in their enthusiasm for the reception of the distinguished visitor.

It is impossible to describe the scene adequately, but the climax reached from the cloth market to the C. P. Tank where the roads are narrow with tall houses on both sides, here every nook and corner was taken advantage of by the sightseers to catch a glimpse of Mrs. Besant, Mr. Arundale and Mr. Wadia. The balconies and windows were packed with anxious spectators dressed in their holiday attire; the roofs were crowded by the more adventurous, but all throughout it was a reception which falls to the lot of but few; it was an enthusiastic and whole-hearted tribute to the selfless workers for the Motherland. As the procession passed many halts had necessarily to be made to accept the tributes offered to the welcome visitor, which consisted of the usual bouquets and garlands of flowers, *attar*, rose water, etc. and by the time Mrs. Besant had gone half way the carriage was pretty full of these floral offerings. Such mottos as "Home Rule is our Birthright, Hearty Welcome to the Trinity of Home Rule" "Hearty welcome to Mrs. Besant, Messrs. Arundale and Wadia were frequently to be seen. One particular sign requires mention, full as it is of pathetic memories. In the Mahomedan quarter was this sign 'Don't forget the Interned Moslem Leaders!"

When the procession reached China Baug, Mrs. Besant was welcomed with band playing and she had to appear repeatedly on the balcony.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Of course this morning I took a particular interest in seeing the roads proposed for the procession of our much respected Mrs. Annie Besant and her two brave associates. As expected everywhere, arrangements are made to decorate the route of procession. But to my surprise I saw a paper kite with green in the body and red for the tail hanging by chance on one of the tramway wires, just opposite the place where the procession was to commence (Victoria Terminus, 1st and 2nd class entrance), which goes to confirm that the colours adopted viz. green and red for Home Rule by our leaders are the appropriate ones. This fact should have drawn the attention of the public.

Everybody after reading this will recognise this as a good Omen for the cause of Home Rule.—Yours, etc.,

K. R. S.

Bombay, October 10th, 1917.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I shall feel much obliged if you will kindly give space to the following few lines. This afternoon when our National Leaders and Heroes with Mrs. Besant (or as Col. Alcott said in 1913 in Poona in Hirabag, "Devi Besant") arrived at the Boribunder Station there was a crowd of about fifteen thousand souls excluding the Station hands. Among them there were ladies and children of all nationalities. To add to this, there were heaps of motors, Victorias and other vehicles. Every soul found that there was no objection or hinderance on the part of Railway authorities. The other beautiful part of it was that there was neither Railway nor City Police with sticks in their hands to hammer at the crowd and thus add to the sufferings of the public. There was only one tall figure with white dress from Railway Officials; who was talking with the crowd in the most courteous manner. On inquiry, I learnt that he was Mr. Adams the Station Superintendent. He has been lately brought here in place of the late Mr. Knight. I was told that it was he, who told both the Police not to interfere and that he would himself manage. The Public is really grateful to him for not putting restriction on them to enter the Boribunder Station to get one look at least at our Worshipped Leaders.—Yours, etc.,

COUNSEL.

Ash Lane, Fort,
10th October, 1917.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—As I followed Mrs. Besants triumphal procession to-day watching the unbounded enthusiasm with which the people of Bombay received her, my eyes fell on one of the numerous inscriptions which formed part of the decorations,—"Do not forget the Interned Moslem Leaders." I feel sure that that is the message which every serious-minded person has brought away from to-day's unparalleled demonstration. That exhortation will ring in the ears of all until Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali are restored to us.—Yours etc.,

"KAUSIKA."

Bombay, October, 10, 1917.

FRENCH ATTACK NEAR HOUTHOULST.

(Continued from Page 7.)

the north to the south and three and a half miles from the east to the west and is the principal German artillery centre on this front.

Already the Boches are alarmed enough to withdraw a proportion of their artillery, especially the heavy-guns. However, there are still enough batteries in the forest to make it a very serious obstacle and the enemy will doubtless offer a formidable resistance before abandoning a position of such importance, on which he has spent such labour.

ADVANCE IN FACE OF MOST DISHEARTENING CIRCUMSTANCES.

To-day's splendid results were obtained in the face of the most disheartening conditions. The preparations for the attack were made in three days' atrocious weather and the country was swimming with water. The discomfort of the men who had to spend the night before the attack crouching in the flooded shell-holes soaked to the skin in the bitter wind is indescribable. It is hard to imagine a more desolate landscape. Fortunately, the German artillery reaction was less than might have been expected and obviously ill-guided.

GOOD WORK OF FRENCH AEROPLANES.

This morning French aeroplanes did good work, but in the afternoon persistent rain made observation impossible. General Anthoine exploited the peculiarities of the ground to the utmost. It is notable that the new German system of echelonnement in depth again failed.

ALLIES' REPEATED HAMMER BLOWS.

GERMAN ARMY BEING DEMORALISED AND DISORGANISED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Oct. 9.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Oct. 10.

Reuter's correspondent at Headquarters in his message this afternoon says that the prisoners include men of the 195th Division, which has just arrived from the Russian front. This is the third division from the East which has been knocked out in five days.

At two in the afternoon Adler Fram and Poelcapelle Brewery were taken. Both had given trouble. Wire and water are causing delay at the spot called "Waterfields," but the latest news is that our men are overcoming the difficulties. Our troops have dug in all round Poelderhoek Chateau and it is only a question of how long the Boche machine-Gunners can hold out. Our casualties are reported to have been light.

GERMAN DEMORALISATION.

The prisoners, who will doubtless run into four figures, admit that these repeated hammer blows are demoralising and disorganising the German Army. The brunt of the fighting has been borne by the Home battalions. It has been truly a great day and the plains of Belgium lie more at our feet than at any time since the dark days of 1914.

BRITISH REPORT.

ENEMY COUNTER-ATTACKS REPULSED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 9.
Recd. 1 a.m., Oct. 11.

This afternoon's communique from Field-marshl Haig says: We repulsed several counter-attacks last evening in the neighbourhood Ypres-Staden railway.

The enemy forced back our advance troops a short distance on a front of two thousand yards southwards of the railway.

We repulsed counter-attacks with loss north-eastwards of Broodseinde and carried out raids southward of the scarpe. Heavy rain has fallen.

FRENCH SOCIALIST CONFERENCE.

FAVOURS ASSISTING CONDUCT OF WAR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

BORDEAUX, Oct. 10.
Recd. 7-55 p.m., Oct. 10.

Four days' Socialist Conference concluded by an overwhelming adoption of the motion in favour of assisting the conduct of war and voting the Government's war credits.

GERMAN ADMISSION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 9.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Oct. 10.

A wireless German official message says:—The English this morning attacked astride the Staden-Boesinghe railway and northward of the Ypres-Menin road. Fighting is in progress.

IMPERIAL BUTTER PURCHASE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

MELBOURNE, Oct. 9.
Recd. 7-15 a.m., Oct. 10.

It is announced that the Imperial butter purchase involves thirty-thousand tons of the value of four and a half millions sterling.

HON. ALEXANDER BRUCE.

ACCIDENTALY KILLED IN EAST AFRICA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 9.
Recd. 7-55 p.m., Oct. 10.

The Honourable Alexander Bruce, son of late Lord Elgin, has been accidentally killed in East Africa.

BAKU OILFIELDS.

GENERAL STRIKE DECLARED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

BAKU, Oct. 9.
Recd. 7-55 p.m., Oct. 10.

General strike has been declared in oilfields because employers have refused not to dismiss workmen except with the consent of trade unions.

THE ALDERSHOT COMMAND.

SIR ARCHIBALD HUNTER GOES TO WAR OFFICE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 9.
Recd. 1-45 p.m., Oct. 10.

General Sir Archibald Murray is succeeding to General Sir Archibald Hunter in the Aldershot Command. Sir Archibald Hunter, who is taking up the important appointment at the War Office has issued a farewell order in which he states that Lord Kitchener ordered him on August 22nd, 1914 to proceed to Aldershot to train the new Armies without wasting an hour. He started the training centre on August 23rd. He pays a tribute to the officers and men who worked under him and eulogises the steady discipline and good behaviour of hundreds of thousands of soldiers of the New Armies trained at Aldershot. His one regret he will carry to the grave is that he was not privileged to fight with the men he helped to train.

FIXED PRICES OF MEAT.

LORD RHONDDA'S REPLY TO COMPLAINTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 10.
Recd. 7-55 p.m., Oct. 10.

The Press bureau states that Lord Rhondda, replying to the agricultural deputation, dealt with the complaint that fixed prices of meat were not remunerative for the farmer. He referred to the danger of a world famine in meat in 1918 and said if the appeal for voluntary economy failed he would unhesitatingly compulsorily ration the country. He agreed to postpone the lowest maximum price of cattle, but refused further concessions. The nation was entitled to ask for sacrifices from all classes including farmers.

PAY OF SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

INCREASE URGED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 10.
Recd. 7-55 p.m., Oct. 10.

A joint committee of trade unions and members of Parliament has urged Mr. Lloyd George immediately to increase the pay of sailors and soldiers a hundred per cent. with increases in other ranks below officers.

Mr. Lloyd George pointed out that what had already been done would cost from fifty to sixty millions. He sympathised with the objects of the deputation and would refer the matter back to Sir Edward Carson's Cabinet Committee.

MUNITION WORKS EXPLOSION.

THE CASUALTIES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 9.
Recd. 7-15 a.m., Oct. 10.

The Press Bureau states that ten persons have died and two been injured as a result of the fire and explosion in the munition works in the north of England announced last week.

INDIAN TEA SALES IN LONDON.

DISPOSED OF AT FULL MAXIMUM PRICES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 9.
Recd. 7-15 a.m., Oct. 10.

10,124 packages of Indian tea were offered at an auction yesterday and the demand was very active most of the supply being disposed of at full maximum prices in all grades. The feature was strong bidding for the D class representing ten per cent. of total available, which is the only description for which genuine bidding is now possible. Experience since the inauguration of the control scheme has proved the existence of strong buying interest which is prepared to pay high prices for the best teas embraced in the D class.

Mr. MONTAGU
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Sir S. Subramanya Aiyar

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Contents: Budget Speeches for 1910, 1911, 1912, and 1913, Indian Railways and Irrigation, The Condition of India, The Indian Police, Liberalism and India, The Government of India Bill, The Indian High Court Bill, Opium Traffic, India and Protection. The Land Problem and India, His Visit to India, Reply to Lord Curzon on the India Council Bill, Tribute to Sir K. G. Gupta, Mesopotamia Commission and Indian Administration, and His Future Policy.

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HOME RULE PROPAGANDA IN GUJARAT.

ACTIVELY IN PROGRESS IN 76 CENTRES

The Hon. Secretary of the Gujarat Sabha, Ahmedabad, writes:—

The work of explaining to the people the Congress-Muslim League Scheme is now carried on in about 76 centres in the five Gujarat Districts. Notwithstanding plague and the rains in the mofussil the Gujarat Sabha has been able to send out some deputations during the week to different places. A deputation consisting of Rao Bahadur Ramanbhai Mahipatram Nilkanth, and Messrs. P. B. Goradia, Manilal V. Kothari, and L. T. Parikh visited Ranpur on the morning of 30th September. The deputation was very warmly received and a very well attended meeting was held under the presidency of Mr. Nagardas, the well-known Nagarsheth of Ranpur. R. B. Ramanbhai explained the reform scheme in his usual lucid and effective manner. The same deputation proceeded to Dhandhuka in the afternoon. The Dhandhuka people were so enthusiastic that they carried the members of the deputation to the place of the meeting in a procession through the town. A very largely attended meeting was held under the presidency of Mr. Mohanlal Dulabhdas, wherein the Garasias and Vohras (Mahomedans) were present in very large numbers. The enthusiasm was unbounded. Mr. R. B. Ramanbhai and the other members of the deputation addressed the meeting and many persons came forward as volunteers to do propagandist work in the neighbouring villages.

DEPUTATIONS TO SANAND AND KAPADWANJ.

Another deputation consisting of Messrs. Kalidas J. Jhaveri, Hariprasad P. Mehta, Kirpashanker B. Pandit and Ganpatram Gandhi went to Sanand. A meeting was held in the Chora under the presidency of Mr. Devchand Thakersey, a leading citizen and president of the Sanand Municipality. This meeting was largely attended by agriculturists from the neighbouring vilages. Messrs. K. J. Jhaveri and H. P. Mehta addressed the meeting and a number of people signed the petition to Mr. Montagu in consequence. A deputation of Messrs. Shirabhai M. Patel, J. Keshavlal A. Shah, G. K. Parekh, High Court Pleader, and Gajanan K. Mavalankar visited Kapadvanj, a Taluka town in the Kaira District. The deputation was received at the railway station by leading citizens. A largely attended meeting was held under the presidency of the patriotic and public-spirited Nagarsheth of Kapadvanj, Seth Jeshingbhai Premabhai. The meeting was also attended by the Aval Karkun and the Police Sub-Inspector of Kapadvanj. The members of the deputation addressed the meeting, explaining fully the Reform Scheme and a resolution was passed that the citizens of Kapadvanj believe that the reforms proposed in the Congress-Muslim League Scheme are absolutely necessary in the interests of India and the Empire and that without such reforms India will not witness the era of true contentment. Many people signed the petition and quite a good number volunteered to go on lecturing tours in the neighbouring villages.

VISITS TO DAKORE, BORSAD AND BAVAL.

A deputation consisting of Messrs. Krishnalal N. Desai, Hiralal T. Parekh, Dr. Hariprasad Vrajrai and Mr. Jadavji J. Gandhi visited Dakor on 30th September. In Dakor is situate the shrine of Shree Ranchhodrai, where pilgrims from all parts of Gujarat flock in thousands on each full-moon day. 30th September being full-moon day, the deputation was specially arranged. A largely attended mass meeting was held under the presidency of Mr. Krishnalall N. Desai. Other members of the deputation addressed the meeting explaining the Reform Scheme. At the request of the Borsad public, Mr. Vallavbhai J. Patel went there on behalf of the Sabha and under his presidency a meeting was held wherein Mr. Indulal K. Yajnik of the Bombay Home Rule League and the president explained the Reform Scheme. A deputation consisting of Messrs Keshavlal A. Shah, Gajanan K. Mavalankar, Jadavji Gandhi, Ganpatram Gandhi and Kuberdas Hargovindas visited Bavla on 3rd October. A meeting was held under the presidency of Mr. Desaibhai Nagardas, a leading and respectable citizen of Bavla. The enthusiasm at the meeting was inspiring and many volunteered to go round the neighbouring villages. A resolution similar to that passed by the Kapadvanj meeting was unanimously adopted.

OTHER DEPUTATIONS.

A deputation consisting of Messrs. Bhailal Nandlal Desai, Hariprasad P. Mehta, Jadavji J. Gandhi and H. Kuberdas visited Vatwa on the 5th instant. A largely attended meeting was held under the presidency of Mr. Sarabhai Vastaram of Bareja. Many persons signed the petition. A deputation consisting of Messrs. Vallavbhai J. Patel, Nagindas P. Sanghavi, G. K. Mavalankar, Dr. Hariprasad, Mr. Hariprasad P. Mehta, and Jadavji Gandhi visited Ashalali on the 7th October. A very crowded meeting was held in the Dharamshala and great enthusiasm prevailed. Other deputations for Umreth, Thasra, Kathlal, Surat Broach, Godhra and other places are being arranged. Upto now 13,000 persons, including Hindus, Mahomedans and other classes, have signed the petition. The Sabha is thankful to all gentlemen who are helping it in making its deputations successful.

The death is reported while on active service of Commander R. H. Graves Burton, A.I.M., who was Assistant Port Officer, Rangoon at the outbreak of the war, and went on leave in 1915. There he served as Controller of Aerial Service at Chatham, and later as Transport Officer at Marseilles. The deceased was well-known in Rangoon, having been Assistant Port Officer for several years.

THE BOMBAY MEDICAL COUNCIL.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have read the letter of Mr. Jamnadas Dwarakadas appearing in the issue of the "Bombay Chronicle" of 8th instant, wherein he refers to a speech made by me in the year 1913 and thereby tries to prove that I have been an advocate of Ayurvedic system of medicine.

It has to be remembered that the speech referred to was made by me fourteen years ago, at a time, when there was a good deal of criticism and attempts were made to brand those educated at the Ayurvedic School as mere quacks and men without the least claim to be recognised as medical practitioners. I thought it, therefore, right to clear the minds of those who made these allegations that they were not right in holding out the students at least of the Ayurvedic school as sheer quacks, merely because the school went by the name of Ayurvedic School and imparted knowledge of Ayurvedic medicine. I sought, therefore, to explain that this school was not solely confined to imparting knowledge of the Ayurvedic system of medicine alone, but it was a regular institution, where all branches of *western medical science* were taught regularly, systematically and both theoretically and practically, with demonstrations and clinical instructions by able and sincere graduates of the Grant Medical College, and, therefore, the students who passed out from this school were as qualified as the hospital assistants who were taught in the vernaculars some forty years back. True, that I have never sought an occasion or gone the length of raising my voice against the Ayurvedic system but when the claims of the rival systems came into conflict, I always preferred the western system. As an instance, when at a meeting held in the year 1909 at the house of Sir Bhalchandra under the presidency of Sir N. G. Chandavarkar in connection with the scheme for starting a Hindu General Hospital, at which Dr. Popat Prabhuram was present, it was proposed that the hospital should be run on the Ayurvedic lines only, I distinctly and strongly objected to the proposal and pressed that the only system, on which it was proper to conduct the hospital, was the western one. Dr. Popat thereupon roundly charged me with putting the cause of Ayurved ten years back and I came in for a good deal of displeasure and odium at the hands of the advocates of the Ayurvedic system.

With all these facts, it is really strange that Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas should write that my statements have, upto this day, remained unrefuted and uncontradicted.

I admit that I was once an examiner in surgery at the Prabhuram Medical School, but instructions in that subject were imparted on western methods.

If, in spite of all these facts, the framers of the Memorial chose to insert my name in the memorial as one *warmly supporting and approving* the action of Dr. Popat Prabhuram in *imparting his knowledge of Ayurvedic Medicine*, any one will admit that I had strong reasons to object to such a statement. Had those responsible for the statements consulted me before inserting my name in the Memorial, all this unnecessary correspondence would have been saved.

I further take leave to point out that I am not in any way, connected at present with any Ayurvedic institution and that was all that I disclaimed in my letter.—Yours, etc.

G. B. PRABHAKAR.

1 Girgaum Back Road,
9th October, 1917.

GERMANY'S GAGGED PRESS.

THE INFLUENCE OF KRUPP.

The following passages are from Mr. Gerard's book on "The First Days of the Great War."

All the newspapers are subject to control as in no other country. In the first place, their proprietors are subject to the influence of the "Rat" system, as is every other German, and the newspaper proprietor, whose sons, perhaps, enter the Army, whose daughters may be married to naval officers, and who seeks for his son's promotion as judge, State's attorney, or the like, has to be very careful that the utterances of his newspaper do not prevent his promotion in the social scale or interfere with the career of his family and relations. Since the war, while a preventive censure does not exist in Germany, nevertheless a newspaper may be supressed at will—a fearful punishment for a newspaper, which, by being suppressed for, say, five days or a week, has its business affairs thrown into the utmost confusion, and suffers an enormous direct loss.

Many of the larger newspapers are either owned or influenced by concerns like the Krupps. For instance, during this war, all news coming from Germany to other countries has been furnished by either the Overseas or Trans-ocean service, both news agencies in which the Krupps are large stockholders. The smaller newspapers are influenced directly by the Government.

In the Middle Ages there was often declared a sort of truce to prevent fighting in a city, which was called the "Burgfrieden," or "peace of the city," and at the beginning of this war all political parties were supposed to declare a sort of "Burgfrieden" and not try to obtain any political advantage.

There was, therefore, intense indignation among the Social Democrats of Germany when it was discovered, in the spring of 1916, that the Minister of the Interior was making arrangements to send out news service to be furnished free to the smaller newspapers. It was learned further that he was engaged in instructing the various Landrats and other officials of the Interior Department how effectively to use this machinery in order to gull the people to the advantage of the Government and to keep them in ignorance of anything which might tend to turn them against the system.

NATIONAL EDUCATION.

MR. ERNEST WOOD'S LECTURE.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, Oct. 9.

Mr. Ernest Wood, Hon. Secretary, Theosophical Educational Trust, delivered a lecture on National Education before a large gathering at the Bradlaugh Hall this evening. Mr. Wood tried to show the defects of the modern system of education in vogue in Indian universities. He said the system is based on ideas 70 years old, when men were educated and trained to become clerks. It was not suitable for the young men of to-day. He ascribed the commercial inferiority of India to the system of education and showed how her market was being captured by Japan, America and other foreign nations. Speaking of public schools in England, Mr. Wood said that the boys of Eton and Harrow had the idea of doing something great and noble which would be of benefit and honour to their country. Individually they are encouraged in all that made man a worthy man in the world. He asked the Indian students to cultivate patriotism and individuality. The national educational scheme, he said, was to promote nationalism. What India required to-day was that her young men should be strong in heart and mind and of a spiritual nature. He then pointed out that India's contribution to the West in religion and spirituality has been great and would be greater in years to come. He advised the young men to follow their nation, to love the motherland, to study the past and not to immitate blindly the West.

Speaking of the language, Mr. Wood said English should be taken as a second language and the vernaculars should come in the first place as the media of instruction. In conclusion, Mr. Wood urged all to start national schools and colleges in their own provinces and impart education on national lines.

SECOND HUMANITARIAN CONFERENCE AT BROACH.

It has been arranged to hold the Second Humanitarian Conference under the auspices of the Bombay Humanitarian Fund at Broach on Saturday, the 20th and Sunday the 21st October under the presidentship of Pro. Anandshankar Bapubhai Dhruva. Sardar Rao Bahadur Motilal Choonilal Desai has been elected as the Chairman of the Reception Committee. The sittings will take place in the Pandal of the Second Gujarat Educational Conference to be held there on the same dates. Other information regarding the programme, arrangement for boarding and lodging of the guests, conveyances, etc., may be obtained from the Honorary Manager, The Bombay Humanitarian Fund, 309, Shroff Bazar, Bombay No. 2.

INTERNED MOSLEM LEADERS.

(From a Correspondent.)

AMRAOTI, Oct. 7.

An enthusiastic public meeting of the citizen of Amraoti, both Hindus and Mahomedans, was held in the Indra Bhuvan Theatre on the 7th instant to pray the Government of India to revoke their orders of internment passed against Messrs. Mohamed Ali and Shaukat Ali and others and thereby to show that they are entirely in favour of the liberal and sympathetic policy recently inaugurated by his Gracious Majesty's Secretary of State for India, the Right Hon. E. S. Montagu. The Hon. Mr. Y. G. Deshpande presided. Mr. Muzaffar Hussain moved the resolution, Rao Saheb K. V. Brahma seconded and Messrs. Abdul Hafiz Beg, T. L. Shevade, Nizam-ud-din, G. N. Kane, Baba Saheb Khaparde, Pandit Neki Ram Sharma and B. S. Bapat, supported it. Mr. Wamanrao Joshi thanked the chairman and the speakers and Mr. Muzaffar Hussain expressed his heartfelt gratitude towards his Hindu brethren for their liberal and affectionate co-operation with his co-religionists. The meeting was largely attended by both the communities.

OPIUM SMUGGLING.

RECORD SEIZURE IN BURMA.

(Associated Press.)

RANGOON, Oct. 9.

In May last the Excise Department discoverd 192 seers of raw Bengal opium valued at over Rs. 30,000 in coal bunkers of Chinese vessels in the port. Further search had to be abandoned as the ship was leaving port. While the vessels were at Durban a few weeks ago, the captain discovered in the coal bunkers another 47 seers in all 239 seers of total value of Rs.40,000 which is the record seizure in Burma. The vessel is now in port and further seizure is expected.

A Rangoon Messages says:—

Heavy rain and floods breached the railway line at mile 414.10 between Legyi and Nyaungsinwun on the Sagain Alon breach on Tuesday morning. Through communication will probably not be restored for some days, but transhipment of passengers light luggages and mails will be effected as soon as floods subside.

A report from Maymyo says that on Thursday evening about six o'clock a dispute arose in the Gurkha lines, between some men of the Gurkha regiment and some of the Burma Pioneers. Knives, dahs and Kukris were freely used several men on each side being seriously injured.

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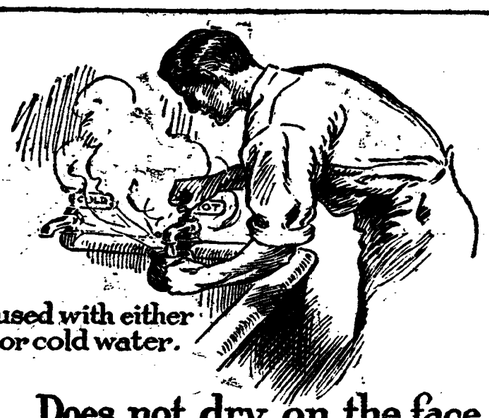

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SECRET OF GERMAN DOCILITY.

THE MAGIC TITLE OF "RAT."

We take the following from the "Daily Telegraph" which published Mr. Gerard's book on "The First Days of the Great War": —

People of other countries have been wondering why it is that the German Government is able so easily to impose its will upon the German people.

One of the most successful ways of disciplining the people is by the "Rat" system. "Rat" means "Councillor," and is a title of honour given to anyone who has attained a certain measure of success or standing in his chosen business or profession. For instance, a business man is made a commerce "rat," a lawyer a justice "rat," a doctor a sanitary "rat," an architect or builder a building "rat," a keeper of the archives an archive "rat," and so on. The "rats" are created in this way: First, a man becomes a plain "rat," then later on he becomes a secret "rat," or Privy Councillor, still later a "court secret rat," and later still a "wirklicher," or really and truly secret court rat, to which may be added the title of "excellency," and puts the man who has attained this absolutely at the head of the "rat" ladder.

But see the insidious working of the system. By German custom the woman always carries the husband's title. The wife of a successful builder is known as Mrs. Really Truly Secret Court Building Rat, and her social precedence over the other women depends entirely upon her husband's position in the "rat" class. Titles of nobility alone do not count when they come in contact with a high Government position. Now, if a lawyer gets to be about forty years old and is not some sort of "rat" his wife begins to nag him and his friends and relations look at him with suspicion. There must be something in his life which prevents his obtaining the coveted distinction, and if there is anything in a man's past, if he has shown at any time any spirit of opposition to the Government, as disclosed by the police registers, which are kept written up to date about every German citizen, then he has no chance of obtaining any of these distinctions, which make up so much of the social life of Germany. It is a means by which the Government keeps a far tighter hold on the intellectual part of its population than if they were threatened with torture and the stake.

MAN'S THREE ENLISTMENTS.

When a woman named May Cuffe was charged at Swanage Police Court, in mail week with obtaining £15 from the Paymaster-General with intent to defraud, an extraordinary story was told by the police.

The woman, it appeared, became acquainted with a man named Charles Howe, who enlisted in the R.F.A. and obtained a separation allowance for his wife and seven children. Later, he deserted, and, as Charles Holmes, he joined the Middlesex Regiment, and obtained an allowance for Cuffe, whom he represented as his wife. Deserting again, the man enlisted in the Royal Engineers as Warne, and obtained another separation allowance for Cuffe and a child, using certificates belonging to Cuffe's sister.

Taking the view that the woman might be the man's victim, the Bench sentenced her to a month's imprisonment.—"Daily Chronicle."

SOLDIER RECOVERS SPEECH.

A message from Dublin states that Private Stephen Conroy, aged 54, who had been deaf and dumb for six months as a result of shell shock, and regarded as a hopeless case, suddenly recovered speech and hearing in Jervis-street Hospital, in that city, on Sunday morning, after seeing a vision of the nun known as "the little flower." He states that the vision spoke to him and advised him to say certain prayers. The sudden recovery of the man has caused much surprise.—The "Daily News and Leader."

ROBBERY AT PETROGRAD.

GREAT MUSEUM PILLAGED.

The plunder of the Mikhail Mikolaevitch Museum, which was housed in the Palace of the Grand Duke Nicholas Michaelovitch, on the Neva Quay opposite the Petropavlovsk Fortress, draws attention to the other artistic treasure house which would be endangered by any further spread of anarchy in Petrograd. One of the earliest acts of the first Provinsional Government, says the Petrograd correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph", was to order the preparation of a law for the protection of the innumerable valuable pictures and objects d'art which had been accumulated in the palaces of Nicholas II. and his family. It was not, however, until the middle of July that this measure was submited for confirmation, and the official in charge of what had been the Ministry of the Imperial Court then reported that many precious things had already been filched from the Alexander Palace at Tsarkoe Selo, where the ex-Tsar lived till his removal to Tobolsk. Nor is that the only case in which the subordinate agents of the Revolutionary Government have been unable to resist the temptation to plunder the premises entrusted to their keeping. This is hardly to be wondered at, for it was necessary to improvise a vast public service on the spur of the moment, and there was no time thoroughly to check the credentials of those who offered themselves. Thus, after the Palace of the Duke of Leuchtenberg had been turned upside down and plundered by a band of Anarchists, it was found that their depredations had been connived at, if not actively promoted, by the Chief of Militia for the district in which the building stands.

No other collection of art treasures in Russia, and few in the world, can stand comparison with that of the Hermitage, which adjoins the Petrograd Winter Palace and is connected with it by a flying bridge. The galleries on the first floor contain some 2,000 pictures by the world's greatest masters, and while the collection is not in every respect very well balanced, its superlative qualities in some directions make up for its defects in others. Its strong points are its representations of the Flemish and Dutch schools, and of the former of these it holds a larger numebr of works than any other gallery, Rubens being represented by fifty pictures and Van Dyck by thirty-two. The special pride of the Hermitage is its Rembrandts. There are no fewer than forty-two works ascribed to this master, and nearly all of them are generally admitted to be genuine.

Unfortunately, though the Hermitage was originally built for the exhibition of pictures, and though this object was always kept in view in its subsequent reconstructions and enlargements, it falls far short of modern ideas of what a gallery should be. The lighting, especially from the courtyards, is very defective, and there are few days in the year on which it is possible even to recognise the subjects of all the pictures. This drawback is enormously aggravated by overcrowding, and double the wall and screen space actually available would not be excessive.

The picture collection was founded by Peter the Great, but it owed its chief development to Catharine the Great. It is interesting to recall that among her chief acquisitions were Sir Robert Walpole's Houghton Hall collection, including a number of very fine Van Dycks, and a quantity of pictures which had been bought for Frederick the Great, but which the real founder of Prussian militarism was unable to accept owing to the impoverishment caused by his wars.

On the lower floor of the Hermitage are vast collections of Greek, Roman, and other antiques, procelain, coins, gold and silver smiths' work, armour, and other objects of artistic, antiquarian, or historical interest. Many of these things are priceless as works of art. Others, being made of gold, have a high intrinsic value.

The pictures in the adjoining Winter Palace are mainly of historical interest, but the Crown jewels, which are kept here, represent an immense fortune. The sceptre alone is valued at 2,400,000 roubles (normally £240,000). Among the jewels with which it is encrusted is the famous Orloff diamond This stone, which weighs 185 carats, was stolen by a Sepoy in India, and fell into the hands of an Armenian merchant. It was bought in Amsterdam by Count Orloff, one of the favourities of Catherine the Great, at the price of 450,000 roubles in hard cash, an annuity of 2,000 roubles, and a title. The purchaser, of course, presented it to his Imperial mistress. The Crown of the Tsars is valued at the comparatively modest sum of 1,000,000 roubles. It was ordered by Catherine II., but she died before she had time to wear it.

The Museum of Alexander II. contains a fair collection of paintings by Russian artists, which is, however, not so representative as the Tretiakoff Gallery in Moscow. An excessive amount of space is devoted to nineteenth century work like that of the melodramatic seascapist, Aivazovski and his contemporaries. One room is given up almost entirely to a set of sketch portraits by Riepin of members of the Imporial Council, in their full-dress official uniforms and with all their ribands and stars. Another is monopolised by Vereschagin's studies of Oriental landscape and architecture. His more ambitious historical pictures, including the famous series illustrating Nepoleon's 1812 campagin, have been removed to Moscow. Of the many remarkable painters produced by the last generation of Russian art only Levitan is really well represented.

The gallery of the Academy of Arts, on the northern side of the Neva, resembles that of the Alexander Museum, but exaggerates its defects and minimises its qualities. The Semyonoff Gallery, bequeathed by the explorer of that name, contains 600 works well representing the development of the Flemish and Dutch schools. In the palaces of the great princely and noble families there are many valuable collections of pictures. The best known are those at the Strogonoff Palace, on the Nevsky Prospekt, and at the Yasapoff Palace, where Gregory Rasputin met his death.

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Fine Peaberry Cooffee	.. ..	.. Rs. 4-8	Per 7 lb. bag.
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No. 2 Coffee..	.. ..	.. Rs. 3-10	,,

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DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods. Rates on application.

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HEAD OFFICE:

Alice Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

S. N. POCHKHANAWALA,
Manager

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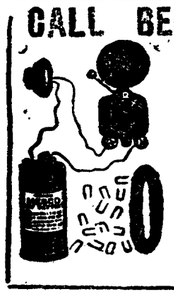

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CASUALTY LISTS,

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 27.

The following casualties are announced:—

KILLED.

Captain B A Bull, Medicals.
Second-Lieut F A Carlisle, Londons.
Second-Lieut B N Cryer, Londons.
Second-Lieut L E Gill, Sherwoods.
Second-Lieut H Hall, Durhams.
Lieut W E Harris, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut L G Humphries, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut J H Jump, North Lancashires.
Captain N G N I Lewis, Monmouths.
Second-Lieut J McC Northam, Londons.
Second-Lieut R Rowat, Flying Corps.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED AND MISSING NOW KILLED.

Lieut W Buckworth, Rifle Brigade.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut C J D Clarke, Service Corps.
Lieut G A S Craven, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut E N De Pierres, Field Artillery.
Lieut W C Hanson, Field Artillery.
Lieut J Hope-Wallace, Northumberlands.
Lieut J E Kinna, Lancashire Fusiliers.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED NOW DIED OF WOUNDS.

Captain R J Pooney, Engineers.
Lieut H R Wilkinson, Flying Corps.

DIED.

Lt.-Col. R O Kerrison, Hussars.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut W A R Ames, Oxford and Bucks.
Major S J M Auld, Berkshires.
Second-Lieut H L Bailey, Garrison Artillery
Second-Lieut S M Bennett, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut G M Boyd, Engineers.
Lieut N Buckley, Engineers.
Second-Lieut H S Calvert, Black Watch.
Second-Lieut W R Campbell, Cameronians.
Second-Lieut F W Douse, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut W R Draper, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut W A Evans, Londons.
Captain F G Flood, Medicals.
Second-Lieut E Ford, Londons.
Second-Lieut A H B Freedman, Londons.
Second-Lieut A L Gordon, Bedfords.
Second-Lieut C W McL Gray, Flying Corps.
Captain T Harker, Durhams.
Second-Lieut E Harris, Sussex.
Second-Lieut F W Hopkins, Somersets.
Second-Lieut J Houghton, Garrison Artillery.
Captain T H Hudson, Londons.
Lieut E S Hurst, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut S C Jackson, Manchesters.
Brigadier-General A C Johnston.
Second-Lieut J A Jones, Welsh Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut F J T Keefe, Yorkshire L. I.
Lieut P H R Kent, Scot's Guards.
Captain F A Kirby, Garrison Artillery.
Captain J Lamb, Field Artillery.
Captain F R H Laverick, Medicals.
Second-Lieut A G Lee, Garrison Artillery.
Lieut H S Lidiard, Londons.
Lieut F A Linsell, Engineers.
Captain R K Makant, North Lancashires.
Second-Lieut C A Marshall, Durhams.
Second-Lieut A L May, Welsh Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut A W Malliss, Londons.
Captain G H Norris, King's Royal Rifles.
Second-Lieut H B Norwood, North Lancashires.
Captain E C Palmer, Durhams.
Second-Lieut G L Parkinson, Durhams.
Second-Lieut O S Pike, Londons.
Second-Lieut J R A Price, Worcesters.
Second-Lieut F A Richardson, East Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut A C Robinson, Londons.
Second-Lieut J K St. Aubyn, Londons.
Captain B Sanderson, Yeomanry.
Second-Lieut C Schultz, Royal Fusiliers.
Lieut H E S Smith, Londons.
Second-Lieut L H Smith, Machine-gun Corps.
Second-Lieut F L Steben, Flying Corps
Second-Lieut H Strachan, Durhams.
Lieut C G Turner, Engineers.
Second-Lieut G H Vosuterlimmege, Durhams.
Second-Lieut W H Weller, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut N Whittaker, Lancasters.
Lieut W Woollis Croft, Field Artillery.

MISSING.

Second-Lieut N W Goodwin, Middlesex.
Lieut R L Graham, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut H Haslam, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut J J A Hawtrey, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut G C Holman, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut H Ibbotson, Flying Corps.
Lieut G B McMichael, Herefords.
Second-Lieut F W Orrey, King's Royal Rifles.
Second-Lieut L M Shadwell, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut A H Skinner, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut R E Taylor, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut L F Wheeler, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut J B H Wyman, Flying Corps.

WOUNDED.

Sister M J Weaver, Queen Alexandra's Nursing Service Reserve.

OFFICIAL CORRECTION.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW PRISONER.

Lieut G V Dobbie, Royal Scots should read G. U.

NAVAL CASUALTIES.

LONDON, Oct. 2.

KILLED.

Lieut Thomas E Hulme, Marine Artillery.
Engineer-Sub-Lt Ernest A Ayres, Reserve.

DIED OF INJURIES.

Flight-Commander John D Newberry, R. N

DIED.

Lt Richard Oliver, Volunteer Reserve.

MISSING BELIEVED KILLED.

Flight-Sub-Lt Eric J K Buckley, R. N.
Flight-Sub-Lt Kenneth V Turney R. N.

WOUNDED.

Lt Cecil G Tufton, Marine Artillery.

SERIOUSLY INJURED.

Probationary Flight-Officer Bernard J E Anson, R. N.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW PRISONER.

Flight-Sub-Lt Harold H Booth, R. N.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW PRESUMED KILLED.

Flight-Sub-Lt. John J de la T Fox, R. N.
Midshipman John Barber, Reserve.

KILLED.

Asst Paymaster Albert R W Davis, Reserve.

MISSING.

Flight-Commander Bertram D Kilner, R.N.
Flight-Sub-Lt Joseph C Akester, R. N.
Flight-Sub-Lt William J Burnett, R. N.
Flight-Sub-Lt Wilfred Ingleson, R. N.
Flight-Sub-Lt John A de Wilde, R. N.

WOUNDED.

Flight-Sub-Lt Rowan H Daly, R. N.
Flight-Sub-Lt Charles W L Calvert, R. N.

SLIGHTLY INJURED.

Probationary Flight-Officer Edgar Meredith, R. N.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW PRISONERS.

Flight-Sub-Lt Norman D Hall, R. N.
Flight-Sub-Lt Alfred D M Lewis, R. N.

The following casualties are announced:—

LONDON, Sept. 28.

KILLED.

Lieut M S Carswell, Berkshires.
Captain W D Cooper, Yeomanry.
Major R D Harrison, Field Artillery.
Lieut-Col A G Johnson, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut V W Mileman, Londons.
Captain H Rhodes, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut J S Struth, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut W C Wicks, Sherwoods.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieut D J de A Bird, Field Artillery.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut R A Harper, Londons.
Lieut H L Mortimore, East Surreys.
Second-Lieut J. Paterson, Cameronians.
Captain A H Sidgwick, Garrison Artillery.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED WOUNDED NOW DIED OF WOUNDS.

Lieut C H Dixon, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut W R Everett, Essex.
Captain W C Messenger, Rifle Brigade.

DIED.

Lieut J S Allison, Black Watch.

WOUNDED.

Lieut C W Andrew, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut M S Barclay, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut C R Brown, Labour Corps.
Lieut H G Clapham, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut H H Creasey, Northumberlands.
Lieut E G Crossling, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut H J Davies, Welsh Fusiliers.
Captain O P Eckhard, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut C J G Tteridge, Yorkshire L I.
Lieut J L Ingram, Field Artillery.
Lieut-Col J Josselyn, Suffolks.
Second-Lieut V Knowles, Garrison Artilery.
Captain F A Lestrange, Medicals.
Second-Lieut A McCall, Highland L I.
Captain M McNiff, Medicals.
Second-Lieut J K Mathewson, Field Artillery.
Captain W J Merry, Scots Fusiliers.
Lieut F D Owen, Londons.
Second-Lieut R Pearson, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut M Raeside, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut S Read, Garrison Artillery.
Captain J Richards, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut J C H Robertson, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut J R M Simpson, Flying Corps.
Captain W Simpson, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut B S Smallman, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut A C Thompson, Middlesex.
Major E R Thompson, Manchesters.
Major H F Wade, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut W J Wright, Sussex.

MISSING BELIEVED KILLED.

Second-Lieut V H Morgan, Liverpools.

MISSING.

Second-Lieut T Grosvenor, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut C F Pritchard, Flying Corps.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING NOW PRISONER.

Lieut C D Thompson, Honourable Artillery Company.

OFFICIAL CORRECTIONS.

WOUNDED.

Captain T H Holland, Field Artillery, should read Major.

MISSING.

Second-Lieut C M W Engineers, should read C V D W.

CORRECTIONS.

In list dated London Septembed 26th among previously missing now killed delete word Major after Margerison, among wounded read Menalty instead of Menatty.

In list dated London September 27th among killed read Lewis, Captain N G N H Monmouths instead of N G N I.

LONDON, Sept. 29.

KILLED.

Second-Lieut F Hardy, Northumberlands.
Captain J Manley, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut F Marshall-Lewis, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut N H V Mills, Machine Gun Corps.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieut J E Blake, Engineers.
Second-Lieut J H Cock, Flying Corps.
Captain G L Cruikshank, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut R P C Freemantle, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut C P Goodman, Liverpools.
Lieut R J Grandin, Service Corps.
Second-Lieut W D Henderson, North Staffords.
Second-Lieut A S Hughes, North Staffords.
Second-Lieut E W A Hunt, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut S F London, North Staffords.
Lieut B F Rowe, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut T E Smith, Flying Corps.
Lieut W J Stonier, Bedfords.
Second-Lieut L T Westaway, Royal Fusiliers.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Lieut R Farquhar, Grenadiers.
Captain A C Hatfield, York and Lancasters.

ACCIDENTALLY KILLED.

Captain C F Bower, Sherwoods.

WOUNDED.

Captain F R Allison, Northumberlands.
Lieut T G R Burrows, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut J Chalmers, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut H Dandy, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut H L Dawson, Tank Corps.
Lieut H Dearden, Medicals.
Second-Lieut J C Edwards, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut W T J Emmett, Machine Gun Corps.
Lieut M F K Fraser, York and Lancasters.
Second-Lieut A Furniss, Lincolns.
Captain R B Green, Cyclist Corps.
Major E W Hachborn, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut J P Hamilton, Connaughts.
Second-Lieut J J A Hayman, Engineers.
Second-Lieut A Hepburn, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut J W Miller, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut S MacC Peterkin, Flying Corps.
Captain S Smith, Garrison Artillery.
Lieut R M Trevethan, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut S R Walter, York and Lancasters.
Lieut E B Wheeler, Field Artillery.

MISSING.

Second-Lieut A J Chapman, Flying Corps.
Lieut H F McArdle, Cavalry Special Reserve.

KILLED.

Lieut C S Bowman, Northumberlands.
Lieut H A Collins, South Staffords.
Major A Dargie, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut W R G Holland, West Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut W E S Poole, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut C Whiteley, York and Lancasters.
SecondLieut M H Williams, Londons.
Second-Lieut F A Wright, Cornwallis.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieut W J Angus, Scots Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut H Dickie, South Lancashires.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Lieut J H Mckeever, Cheshires.
Lieut J C Murray, Royal Scots.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut C H Baber, East Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut E Bridge, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut H S Bruce, Durhams.
Captain C R Cran, York and Lancasters.
Lieut T G Crump, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut R O Davies, Londons.
Second-Lieut O S Dean, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut F Downes, Yorkshire L I.
Second-Lieut W O Dring, King's Royal Rifles.
Second-Lieut E S J Evans, South Wales Borderers.
Second-Lieut W E A Gabony, Londons.
Second-Lieut B C Gay, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut C C P Gillbanks, Londons.
Second-Lieut E B Greenwall, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut F A Hiney, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut J D Hunter, Garrison Artillery.
Lieut R L Jones, Field Artillery.
Lieut Lord H Kennedy, Coldstreams.
Second-Lieut E L Marshall, Machine Gun Corps.
Second-Lieut A Miller, Gordons.
Second-Lieut R J Paterson, Hampshires.
Second-Lieut H H V Phelps, Londons.
Second-Lieut E A R Rahbula, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut A Rose, Engineers.
Second-Lieut J O Sanders, Yorkshire L I.
Second-Lieut G D Shaw, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut J L Spencer, Hampshires.
Second-Lieut H H J Ward, Machine Gun Corps.
Second-Lieut F F D Williams, Garrison Artillery.
Lieut G C Wilson, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut T Wood, Seaforths.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED WOUNDED NOW WOUNDED AND MISSING.

Second-Lieut R I Gratton, Lancashire Fusiliers.

MISSING.

Lieut E Golding, Service Corps.
Lieut M C Hartnett, Munsters.
Second-Lieut T Humber, Flying Corps.
Lieut G W Mumford, Service Corps.
Second-Lieut M G M Oxley, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut C A Sutcliffe, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut N J Taylor, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut J S Walthew, Flying Corps.

NAVAL CASUALTY LISTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Oct. 3.

DIED.

Commander Richard H Graves Burton, Reserve.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING NOW KILLED.

Flight-Sub-Lieut Fabrian P Reeves, R. N.
Flight-Sub-Lieut Eric C Hillaby, R. N.
Flight-Sub-Lieut Donald W Ramsay, R. N.
Flight-Sub-Lieut Kenneth H Millward, R. N.

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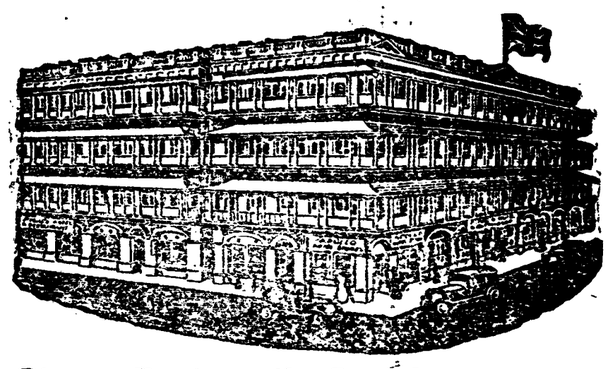

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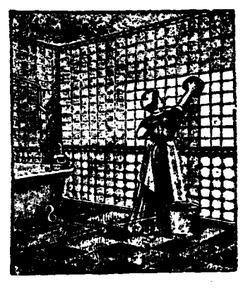

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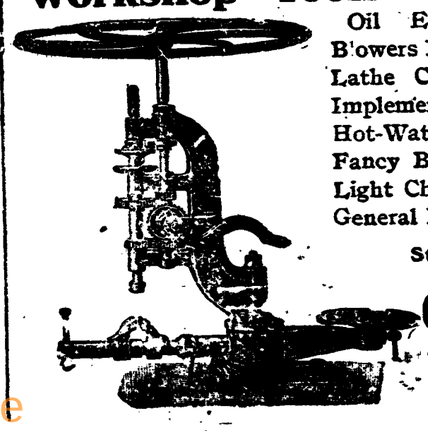

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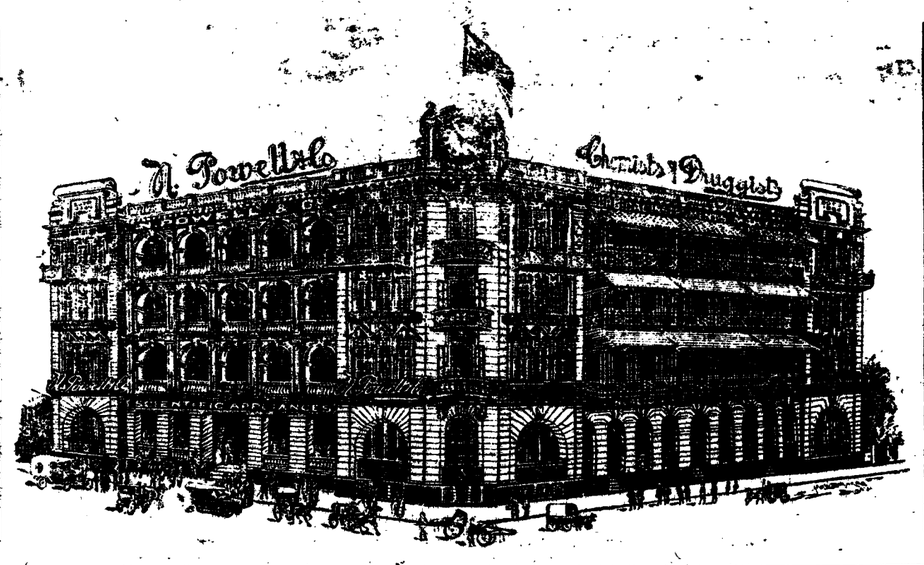

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